TOWN OF ELIZABETHTOWN, NORTH CAROLINA FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2017

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TOWN MANAGER

Edwin H. Madden, Jr.

FINANCE OFFICER

Jay Leatherman

BOARD OF TOWN COUNCIL

Sylvia B. Campbell, Mayor

Rufus D. Lloyd, Mayor Pro Tem

Herman L. Lewis Paula Green

Richard Glenn Ricky Leinwand

Howell Clark

ATTORNEY

H. Goldston Womble, Jr.

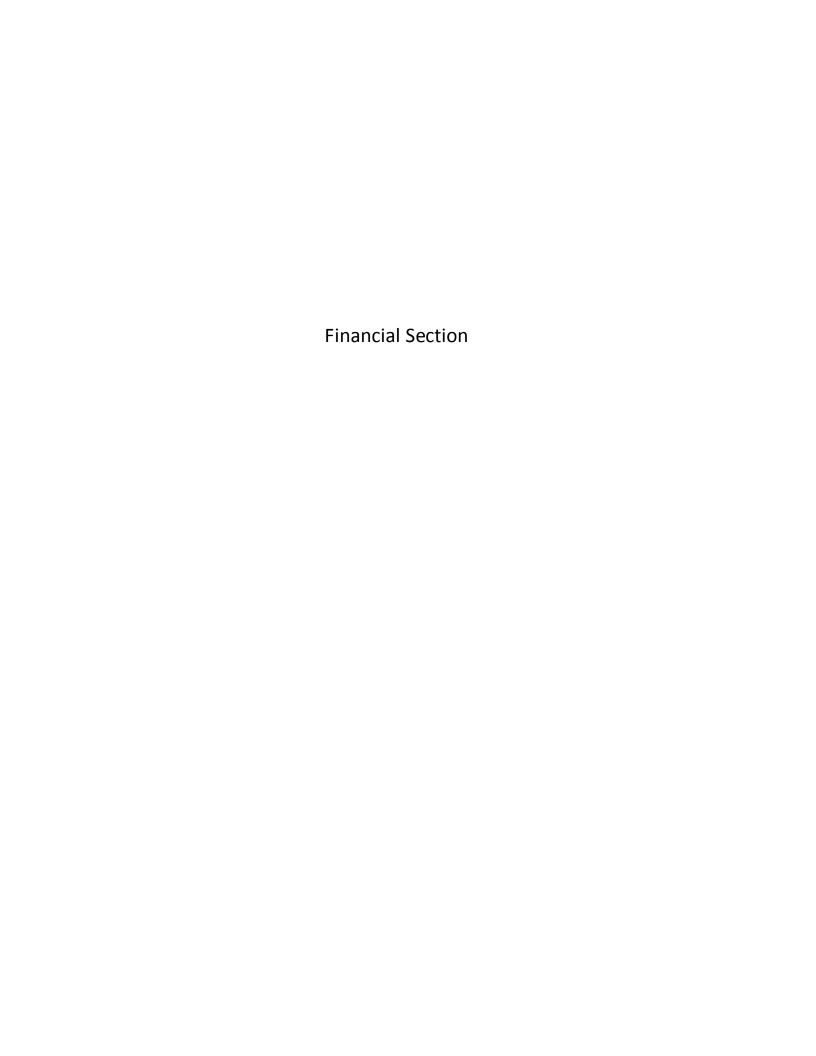
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Independent Auditors' Report

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the Town Council Elizabethtown, North Carolina

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Elizabethtown, North Carolina, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. The financial statements of the Town of Elizabethtown ABC Board and the Elizabethtown Airport/Economic Development Commission were not audited in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, based on our audit, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Elizabethtown, North Carolina as of June 30, 2017, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows,

where appropriate, thereof and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis (pages 3-9) and the Local Government Employees' Retirement System's Schedules of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Asset and Contributions, (pages 45-46) and the Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance schedules of the Changes in Total Pension Liability and Total Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll (pages 47-48) be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a required part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of the financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary and Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the basic financial statements of the Town of Elizabethtown, North Carolina. The combining and individual fund statements, budgetary schedules, and other schedules as well as the accompanying schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State Awards as required by *Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200*, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards and the State Single Audit Implementation Act, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual fund statements, budgetary schedules, other schedules and the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State Awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America by us. In our opinion, based on our audit, the procedures performed as described above, the combining and individual fund statements, budgetary schedules, other schedules and the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State Awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated October 26, 2017 on our consideration of Town of Elizabethtown's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants agreements, and other matters. The purpose of the report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Town of Elizabethtown's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Thompson, Price, Scott, Adams & Co., PA

Town of Elizabethtown

Management's Discussion and Analysis

As management of the Town of Elizabethtown, we offer readers of the Town of Elizabethtown's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the Town of Elizabethtown for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017. We encourage readers to read the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in the Town's financial statements, which follow this narrative.

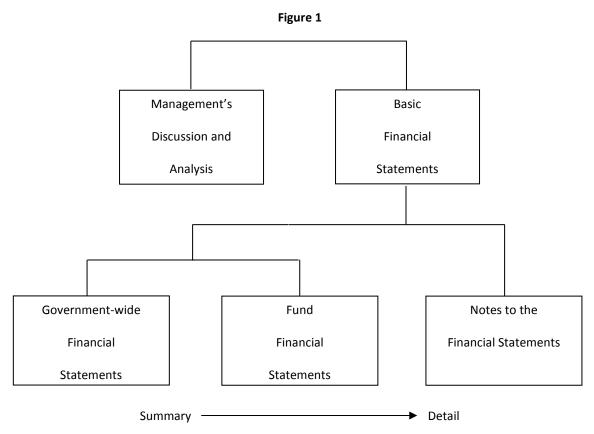
Financial Highlights

- The assets and deferred outflows of resources of the Town of Elizabethtown exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of the fiscal year by \$26,414,804 (net position).
- The government's total net position increased by \$944,855.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the Town's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$2,070,742 an increase of \$339,681 in fund balance. \$1,807,671 is non spendable or restricted, leaving \$263,071 available fund balance.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance for the General Fund was \$720,038.
- The Town of Elizabethtown's total debt increased by \$153,759 during the current fiscal year. The key factor in the increase was the new debt issued and the regularly scheduled debt payments.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to Elizabethtown's basic financial statements. The Town's basic financial statements consist of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements (see Figure 1). The basic financial statements present two different views of the Town through the use of government-wide statements and fund financial statements. In addition to the basic financial statements, this report contains other supplemental information that will enhance the reader's understanding of the financial condition of the Town of Elizabethtown.

Required Components of Annual Financial Report



Basic Financial Statements

The first two statements (Exhibits 1 and 2) in the basic financial statements are the **Government-wide Financial Statements**. They provide both short and long-term information about the Town's financial status.

The next statements (Exhibits 3 through 8) are **Fund Financial Statements**. These statements focus on the activities of the individual parts of the Town's government. These statements provide more detail than the government-wide statements. There are three parts to the Fund Financial Statements: 1) the governmental funds statements; 2) the budgetary comparison statements; and 3) the proprietary fund statements.

The next section of the basic financial statements is the **notes**. The notes to the financial statements explain in detail some of the data contained in those statements. After the notes, **supplemental information** is provided to show details about the Town's individual funds. Budgetary information required by the North Carolina General Statutes also can be found in this part of the statements.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide the reader with a broad overview of the Town's finances, similar in format to a financial statement of a private-sector business. The government-wide statements provide short and long-term information about the Town's financial status as a whole.

The two government-wide statements report the Town's net position and how it has changed. Net position is the difference between the Town's total assets and deferred outflows of resources and total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Measuring net position is one way to gauge the Town's financial condition.

The government-wide statements are divided into three categories: 1) governmental activities; 2) business-type activities and 3) component units. The governmental activities include most of the Town's basic services such as public safety, sanitation and general administration. Property taxes finance most of these activities. The business-type activities are those that the Town charges customers to provide. These include the water and sewer services offered by the Town of Elizabethtown. The final category is the component units. Although legally separate from the Town, the ABC Board and Airport/Economic Development Commission are important to the Town because the Town exercises control over the Boards by appointing their members. The ABC Board is required to distribute its profits to the Town.

The government-wide financial statements are on Exhibits 1 and 2 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements (see Figure 1) provide a more detailed look at the Town's most significant activities. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Town of Elizabethtown, like all other governmental entities in North Carolina, uses fund accounting to ensure and reflect compliance (or non-compliance) with finance-related legal requirements, such as the General Statutes or the Town's budget ordinance. All of the funds of the Town of Elizabethtown can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and proprietary funds.

Governmental Funds – Governmental funds are used to account for those functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. Most of the Town of Elizabethtown's basic services are accounted for in governmental funds. These funds focus on how assets can readily be converted into cash flow in and out, and what monies are left at year-end that will be available for spending in the next year. Governmental funds are reported using an accounting method called *modified accrual accounting* which provides a short-term spending focus. As a result, the governmental fund financial statements give the reader a detailed short-term view that helps him or her determine if there are more or less financial resources available to finance the Town's programs. The relationship between government activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds is described in a reconciliation that is a part of the fund financial statements.

The Town of Elizabethtown adopts an annual budget for its General Fund, as required by the General Statutes. The budget is a legally adopted document that incorporates input from the citizens of the Town, the management of the Town, and the decisions of the Board about which services to provide and how to pay for them. It also authorizes the Town to obtain funds from identified sources to finance these current period activities. The budgetary statement provided for the General Fund demonstrates how well the Town complied with the budget ordinance and whether or not the Town succeeded in providing the services as planned when the budget was adopted. The budgetary comparison statement uses the budgetary basis of accounting and is presented using the same format, language, and classifications as the legal budget document. The statement shows four columns: 1) the original budget as adopted by the board; 2) the final budget as amended by the board; 3) the actual resources, charges to appropriations, and ending balances in the General Fund; and 4) the difference or variance between the final budget and the actual resources and charges.

Proprietary Funds – Town of Elizabethtown has only one kind of proprietary fund. *Enterprise Funds* are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. Town of Elizabethtown uses enterprise funds to account for its water and sewer activities. These funds are the same as those functions shown in the business-type activities in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities.

Notes to the Financial Statements – The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements are on pages 20-44 of this report.

Interdependence with Other Entities: The Town depends on financial resources flowing from, or associated with, both the Federal Government and the State of North Carolina. Because of this dependency, the Town is subject to changes in specific flows of intergovernmental revenues based on modifications to Federal and State laws and Federal and State appropriations. It is also subject to changes in investment earnings and asset values associated with U.S. Treasury Securities because of actions by foreign governments and other holders of publicly held U.S. Treasury Securities.

Other Information – In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report includes certain required supplementary information concerning the Town of Elizabethtown's progress in funding its obligation to provide pension benefits to its employees. Required supplementary information can be found beginning on page 45 of this report.

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

Town of Elizabethtown's Net Position

Figure 2

		Governme	nta	l Activities	 Business-1	ур	e Activities	_	Totals		
		2017	_	2016	2017		2016		2017		2016
Assets											
Current and other assets	\$	2,547,072	\$	2,004,128	\$ 3,402,408	\$	3,469,139	\$	5,949,480	\$	5,473,267
Capital assets		10,710,551	_	10,135,472	 14,041,761		14,048,752	_	24,752,312		24,184,224
Total assets		13,257,623	_	12,139,600	 17,444,169		17,517,891	-	30,701,792		29,657,491
Deferred Outflows of Resource	es	590,807	_	114,392	 91,252	_ ,	18,623		682,059		133,015
Liabilities											
Current and other liabilities:		381,958		179,682	150,778		421,578		532,736		601,260
Long-term liabilities:											
Due within one year		286,698		242,408	112,061		109,696		398,759		352,104
Due in more than one year		2,716,765	_	1,724,330	 1,230,609		1,127,069		3,947,374		2,851,399
Total liabilities		3,385,421	_	2,146,420	 1,493,448		1,658,343	_	4,878,869		3,804,763
Deferred Inflows of Resources		79,219	_	117,458	 10,959	_ ,	18,796	- ,	90,178		136,254
Net Position											
Net investment in capital											
assets		8,900,658		8,451,858	12,818,112		12,852,583		21,718,770		21,304,441
Restricted for											
Stabilization by											
State Statute		1,068,981		932,357	-		-		1,068,981		932,357
Reserve for debt		85,031		77,952	-		-		85,031		77,952
Public safety		5,533		-	-		-		5,533		-
Economic and Physical											
Development		30,219		30,212	-		-		30,219		30,212
Transportation		523,567		602,405	-		-		523,567		602,405
Unrestricted		(230,199)	_	(104,670)	 3,212,902	_ ,	3,006,792		2,982,703		2,902,122
Total net position	\$	10,383,790	\$	9,990,114	\$ 16,031,014	\$	15,859,375	\$	26,414,804	\$	25,849,489

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as one useful indicator of a government's financial condition. The assets and deferred outflows of resources of the Town of Elizabethtown exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$26,414,804 as of June 30, 2017. The Town's net position increased by \$944,855 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017. However, the largest portion \$21,718,770 (82%) reflects the Town's net investment in capital assets (e.g. land, buildings, machinery, and equipment). The Town of Elizabethtown uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the Town's net investment in capital assets is reported net of the outstanding related debt, the resources needed to repay that debt must be provided by other sources, since the capital assets cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities. An additional portion of the Town's net position, \$1,713,331 (6%) represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of \$2,982,703 (12%) is unrestricted.

Several particular aspects of Elizabethtown's financial operations were the reason for the increase in net position for the total governmental, including the following:

- Continued diligence in the collection of property taxes by maintaining a tax collection percentage of 96.92% was a positive factor.
- FEMA reimbursements from Hurricane Matthew Damage.
- Increase in State shared revenues, was a positive factor.

Town of Elizabethtown's Changes in Net Position

Figure 3

	Governmen	tal	Activities	_	Business-T	уре	Activities	_	To	tals
	2017		2016		2017		2016		2017	2016
Revenues										
Program Revenues										
Charges for Services \$	1,492,752	\$	1,365,106	\$	1,554,125	\$	1,507,791	\$	3,046,877 \$	2,872,897
Grants and Entitlements	1,196,666		328,339		196,573		306,805		1,393,239	635,144
General Revenue										
Property Taxes	1,765,675		1,791,322		-		-		1,765,675	1,791,322
Other Taxes	14,405		376		-		-		14,405	376
Grants and contributions not										
restricted to specific programs	1,161,550		1,135,609		-		-		1,161,550	1,135,609
Investment Earnings	31,170		12,398		199		115		31,369	12,513
Other	88,752		14,326		-	_	-	_	88,752	14,326
Total Revenues	5,750,970	_	4,647,476	_	1,750,897	_	1,814,711	_	7,501,867	6,462,187
Expenses										
General Government	1,227,109		1,192,716		-		-		1,227,109	1,192,716
Public Safety	2,167,680		1,849,757		-		-		2,167,680	1,849,757
Transportation	757,515		696,726		-		-		757,515	696,726
Economic and Physical										
Development	204,652		204,652		-		-		204,652	204,652
Enviromental Protection	492,547		597,354		-		-		492,547	597,354
Cultural and Recreation	81,224		45,199		-		-		81,224	45,199
Interest on Long-Term Debt	47,027		57,089		-		-		47,027	57,089
Water and Sewer Fund		_	-	_	1,579,258		1,614,245	_	1,579,258	1,614,245
Total Expenses	4,977,754	_	4,643,493	_	1,579,258	_	1,614,245	_	6,557,012	6,257,738
Increase(Decrease) in Net										
Position	773,216		3,983		171,639		200,466		944,855	204,449
Net Position, beginning(restated)	9,610,574	_	9,986,131		15,859,375		15,658,909	-	25,469,949	25,645,040
Net Position, ending \$	10,383,790	\$_	9,990,114	\$_	16,031,014	\$_	15,859,375	\$	26,414,804 \$	25,849,489

Governmental activities. Governmental activities increased the Town's net position by \$773,216, thereby accounting for 82% of the growth in the net position of the Town of Elizabethtown. Key elements of this increase are as follows:

- Expenditures increased.
- Federal and State grants for various projects.

Business-type activities: Business-type activities refer to the Water/Sewer Fund which reported an increase of Elizabethtown's net position by \$171,639 accounting for 18% of the positive net change in the government's net position. Key elements of this activity are as follows:

- Decrease in expenditures.
- Service revenue increased during the year.
- Federal and State grants for various projects.

Financial Analysis of the Town of Elizabethtown's Funds

As noted earlier, the Town uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds. The focus of the Town of Elizabethtown's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of usable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the Town's financing requirements.

The general fund is the chief operating fund of the Town of Elizabethtown. At the end of the current fiscal year, fund balance available for the General Fund was \$1,430,223 while total fund balance reached \$2,213,755. As a measure of the general fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both available fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditures. Available fund balance represents approximately 27.85% of total General Fund expenditures. This percentage is above the Local Government Commission's recommended percentage of 8%.

At June 30, 2017, the governmental funds of the Town reported a combined fund balance of \$2,070,742, a 19.62% increase over last year.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights. During the fiscal year, the Town of Elizabethtown revised the budget on several occasions. Generally, budget amendments fall into one of three categories: 1) amendments made to adjust the estimates that are used to prepare the original budget ordinance once exact information is available; 2) amendments made to recognize new funding amounts from external sources, such as Federal and State grants; and 3) increases in appropriations that become necessary to maintain services.

Revenues were more than the budgeted amounts primarily because revenue was budgeted conservatively as were the expenditures and the town was able to comply with its budgetary requirements.

Proprietary Funds. The Town of Elizabethtown's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide statements but in more detail. Unrestricted net position of the Water and Sewer fund at the end of the fiscal year amounted to \$3,212,902. The increase in net position for this fund was \$171,639. Other factors concerning the finances of this fund have already been addressed in the discussion of the Town of Elizabethtown's business-type activities.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital assets. The Town of Elizabethtown's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business—type activities as of June 30, 2017, totals \$24,752,312 (net of accumulated depreciation). These assets include buildings, roads and bridges, land, machinery and equipment, park facilities, and vehicles.

Major capital asset transactions during the year include the following additions (there were no significant demolitions or disposals):

- Purchase of various equipment and vehicles.
- Waste water treatment project in the Water and Sewer Capital Project Fund.

Town of Elizabethtown's Capital Assets (net of accumulated depreciation)

Figure 4

		Governmental Activities				Business 1	Гур	e Activities		Totals			
	_	2017	_	2016	_	2017	_	2016	_	2017		2016	
Land and construction													
in progress	\$	1,726,570	\$	1,949,103	\$	437,972	\$	1,633,294	\$	2,164,542	\$	3,582,397	
Buildings		3,618,606		3,762,196		-		-		3,618,606		3,762,196	
Infrastructure		4,772,357		4,185,431		-		-		4,772,357		4,185,431	
Plant and Distribution		-		-		13,329,614		12,166,054		13,329,614		12,166,054	
Equipment		431,940		75,835		274,175		249,404		706,115		325,239	
Vehicles		161,078	_	162,907	_		_			161,078		162,907	
	\$	10,710,551	\$	10,135,472	\$	14,041,761	\$	14,048,752	\$	24,752,312	\$	24,184,224	

Additional information on the Town's capital assets can be found in notes of the Basic Financial Statements.

Long-term Debt. As of June 30, 2017, the Town of Elizabethtown had no bonded debt outstanding.

Town of Elizabethtown's Outstanding Debt

The Town of Elizabethtown's total debt increased by \$153,759 during the past fiscal year, primarily due to newly issued notes payable for equipment purchases and regularly scheduled debt payments.

Town of Elizabethtown's Outstanding Debt

Figure 5

		Governme	ntal	Activities	Business Ty	Business Types Activities			Tot	tals		
		2017		2016	2017		2016		2017		2016	
Notes Payable	\$	1,795,218	\$	1,646,670	\$ 1,223,649	\$	1,192,766	\$	3,018,867	\$	2,839,436	
Capitalized Leases	_	14,675	_	36,944	 =		3,403	_	14,675		40,347	
	\$_	1,809,893	\$	1,612,773	\$ 1,223,649	\$	390,697	\$	3,033,542	\$_	2,879,783	

North Carolina general statutes limit the amount of general obligation debt that a unit of government can issue up to 8 percent of the total assessed value of taxable property located within that government's boundaries. The Town of Elizabethtown's total debt is well below this limit.

Additional information regarding the Town of Elizabethtown's long-term debt can be found in the notes beginning on page 39 of this report.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

Due to Elizabethtown's size, it is difficult to show any real increase in jobs within the Town's boundaries. Management reviews the County of Bladen's economic conditions to monitor for effects on the economy of the Town.

The property tax rate for the Town is not expected to change for the coming budget year.

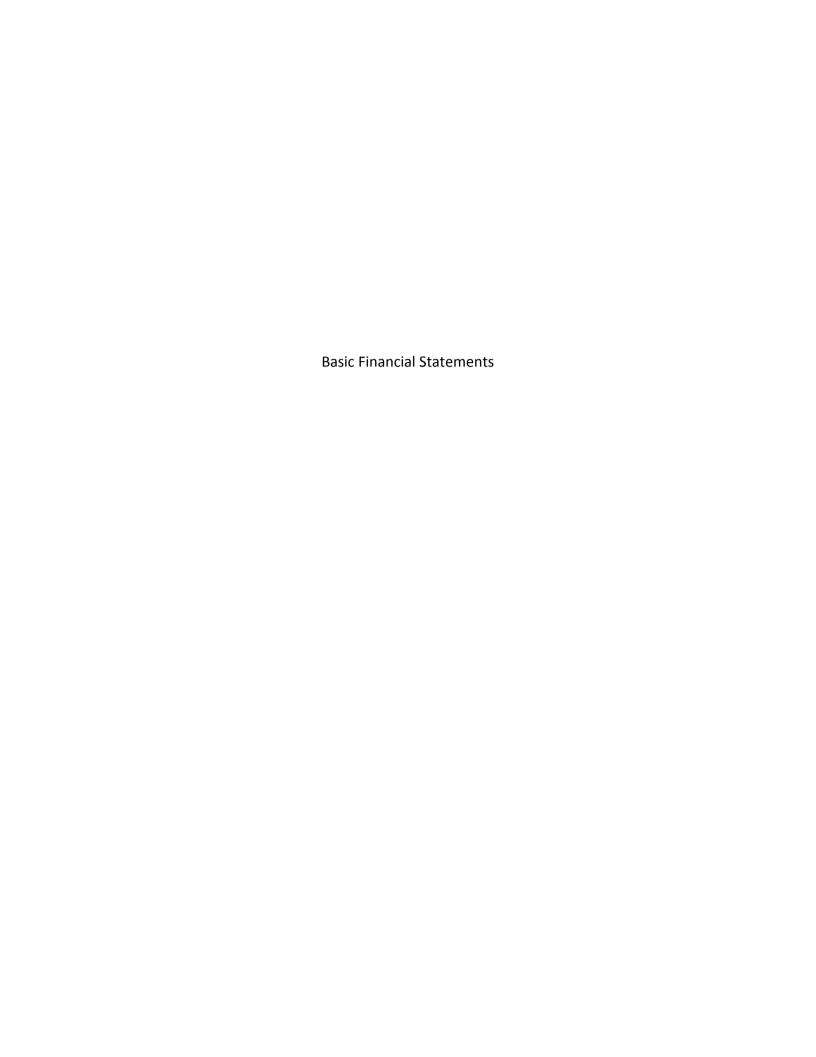
Budget Highlights for the Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 2018

Governmental Activities: Property taxes and sales tax revenue are expected to remain the same. The Town will continue its commitment to reducing the cost of delivering services.

Business – type Activities: The water and sewer rates in the Town are expected to increase by the consumer price index.

Requests for Information

This report is designed to provide an overview of the Town's finances for those with an interest in this area. Questions concerning any of the information found in this report or requests for additional information should be directed to the attention of Finance Officer, Town of Elizabethtown, P.O. Box 716, Elizabethtown, NC 28337. You can also call 910-862-3979.



Town of Elizabethtown, North Carolina Statement of Net Position June 30, 2017

Elizabethtown Town of Airport/Econ **Primary Government** Governmental **Business-Type** Elizabethtown Development **Activities** Activities Total **ABC Board** Commission Assets **Current Assets:** Cash and cash equivalents 1,246,091 \$ 2,796,689 \$ 4,042,780 \$ 282,448 \$ 42,109 Restricted cash 559,319 125,720 685,039 875 100,734 100,734 Taxes receivables (net) Accrued interest receivable on taxes 17,887 17,887 Accounts receivable (net) 431,228 235,024 666,252 403 Due from other governments 348,138 348,138 Internal balances with component unit 24,500 171,492 1,665 26,165 **Internal Balances** (157,990)157,990 62,485 Inventories 62,485 104,522 Prepaid items 518 979 3,402,408 5,949,480 **Total Current Assets** 2,547,072 387,488 215,858 Non-current Assets: Capital assets Land, non-depreciable improvements and construction in progress 1,726,570 437,972 2,164,542 34,626 Other capital assets, net of depreciation 8,983,981 13,603,789 22,587,770 122,709 3,702 10,710,551 14,041,761 157,335 **Total Capital Assets** 24,752,312 3,702 **Total Assets** 13,257,623 17,444,169 30,701,792 544,823 219,560 **Deferred Outlfows of Resources** 590,807 91,252 682,059 27,098 Liabilities **Current Liabilities:** Accounts payable and accrued liabilities 168,751 25,058 193,809 130,261 3,717 Due to/(from) primary government 171,492 171,492 1,665 24,500 Accrued interest 25,922 25,922 286,698 112,061 398,759 Current portion of long term liabilities Liabilities payable from restricted assets: Accounts payable 15,793 15,793 Customer deposits 125,720 125,720 875 Long-term liabilities: Net pension liability 657,258 106,995 764,253 30,137 Total pension liability 404,397 404,397 4,942 Due in more than one year 1,655,110 1,123,614 2,778,724 **Total Liabilities** 3,385,421 1,493,448 4,878,869 167,005 29,092 **Deferred Inflows of Resources** 79,219 10,959 90,178 1,938 **Net Position** Net investment in capital assets 8,900,658 12,818,112 157,335 3,702 21,718,770 Restricted for: Stabilization by state statute 1,068,981 1,068,981 147,395 Debt reserve 85,031 85,031 Public safety 5,533 5,533 Economic and physical development 30,219 30,219 Transportation 523,567 523,567 41,390 Working capital Unrestricted (230, 199)3,212,902 2,982,703 204.253 39,371 **Total Net Position** 10,383,790 16,031,014 26,414,804 402,978 190,468

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

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Town of Elizabethtown, North Carolina **Statement of Activities**

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

			Program Revenue			nse) Revenue and mary Government		OSICION	Elizabethtown	
			Operating Grants	s Capital Grants		Business		Town of	Airport/Econ	
		Charges for		and	Governmental	Type		Elizabethtown	Development	
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Services	Contributions	Contributions	Activities	Activities	Total	ABC Board	Commission	
Primary Government:										
Governmental Activities:										
General Government \$	1,227,109 \$	333,886	\$ - !	\$ - \$	(893,223) \$	- \$	(893,223) \$	- 9	-	
Public Safety	2,167,680	188,829	509,811	-	(1,469,040)	-	(1,469,040)	-	_	
Transportation	757,515	67,184	452,212	-	(238,119)	=	(238,119)	=	_	
Economic & Physical Development	204,652	, -	-	-	(204,652)	-	(204,652)	-	_	
Environmental Protection	492,547	898,133	2,406	-	407,992	-	407,992	-	_	
Cultural and Recreation	81,224	4,720	-	232,237	155,733	-	155,733	-	_	
Interest on Long-Term Debt	47,027	-	-	-	(47,027)	-	(47,027)	-	_	
Total Governmental Activities	4,977,754	1,492,752	964,429	232,237	(2,288,336)	-	(2,288,336)		_	
-	, ,		<u> </u>				, , ,			
Business-Type Activities:										
Water and Sewer Fund	1,579,258	1,554,125	-	196,573	-	171,440	171,440	=	_	
Total Business-Type Activities	1,579,258	1,554,125		196,573	-	171,440	171,440		_	
·· -	, ,					<u> </u>	<u>, </u>			
Total primary government \$	6,557,012 \$	3,046,877	\$ 964,429	\$ 428,810	(2,288,336)	171,440	(2,116,896)	-	-	
Component Units: Town of Elizabethtown ABC Board \$ Elizabethtown Airport/Economic	1,400,612 \$ 123,445	57,861	80,000	\$ - -	<u>-</u> -	<u>-</u>	- -	2,996	14,416	
Total component units \$ =	1,524,057 \$	1,461,469	\$ 80,000	· — -			-	2,996	14,416	
General Revenues: Taxes:										
Property taxes, levied for general p	urpose				1,765,675	-	1,765,675	-	-	
Other taxes	•				14,405	-	14,405	-	-	
Grants and contributions not restricte	d to specific pro	grams			1,161,550	-	1,161,550	-	-	
Investment earnings, unrestricted		-			31,170	199	31,369	66	287	
Miscellaneous					88,752	-	88,752	-	3,106	
Total general revenues					3,061,552	199	3,061,751	66	3,393	
Change in net position					773,216	171,639	944,855	3,062	17,809	
Net position - Beginning, previously re	eported				9,990,114	15,859,375	25,849,489	399,916	172,659	
Restatement					(379,540)	-	(379,540)	-	-	
Net position - Beginning					9,610,574	15,859,375	25,469,949	399,916	172,659	
Net position - Ending				٠,	10,383,790 \$	16,031,014 \$	26,414,804			

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Town of Elizabethtown, North Carolina Balance Sheet Governmental Funds

June	30.	2017
Julic	50,	201/

				Major Funds					
				Leinwand			Total		Total
				Park PARTF		Airport	Non-Majoı	-	Governmental
		General		Capital Project		Capital Projects	Funds		Funds
Assets									
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,069,367	\$	-	\$	96,892 \$	79,83	2 \$	1,246,091
Restricted cash		529,100		-		-	30,21	9	559,319
Restricted receivables		-		215,000		62,275	-		277,275
Receivables (net):									
Taxes		100,734		-		-	-		100,734
Accounts		151,545		2,408		-	-		153,953
Due from other funds		268,824		-		5,766	-		274,590
Due from other governments		348,138		-		-	-		348,138
Due from component unit		15,025		-		-	-		15,025
Prepaid Items		-		_		_	_		-
Total assets and other debits	\$	2,482,733	\$	217,408	\$	164,933 \$	110,05	1 \$	2,975,125
Liabilities									
Liabilities:									
Accounts payable and accrued									
liabilities	\$	166,571	\$	_	\$	- \$	2,18	0 \$	168,751
Accounts payable from restricted	•	/ -	Ċ		Ċ	'	, -		, -
assets		_		_		15,793	_		15,793
Due to component unit		_		_		184,852	_		184,852
Due to other funds		_		350,859			81,72	1	432,580
Total liabilities	_	166,571	-	350,859	-	200,645	83,90		801,976
Deferred Inflows of Resources									
Taxes Receivable		100,734		_		_	_		100,734
Prepaid Taxes		1,673		_		_	_		1,673
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	_	102,407	-	-	-	-	_		102,407
Fund Balances:									
Restricted:									
Stabilization by State Statute		783,532		217,408		68,041	_		1,068,981
Streets		523,567				-	94,34	.0	617,907
Debt Reserve		85,031		_		_		•	85,031
Economic Development		-		_		_	30,21	9	30,219
Public Safety		5,533		_		_	-		5,533
Committed:		3,333							3,333
Capital Reserve:									
Police		6,777		_		_	_		6,777
Fire		2,549		-		-	<u>-</u>		2,549
General Government		86,728		_		_			86,728
Assigned:		30,728		_		-	-		00,720
Subsequent Year Expenditures		_		_		_			_
Unassigned Expenditures		720,038		(350,859)		- (103,753)	100 40	۱۵۱	167.017
Total Fund Balances	_		-		-	(35,712)	(98,40		167,017
Total liabilities, Deferred Inflows of	_	2,213,755	-	(133,451)	-	(33,/12)	26,15	U	2,070,742
Resources and Fund Balance	\$_	2,482,733	\$	217,408	\$	164,933	110,05	1 \$	2,975,125

Town of Elizabethtown, North Carolina Exhibit 3, Balance Sheet continued

Governmental FundsJune 30, 2017

Amounts reported for governmental ac net position (Exhibit 1) are different be Total fund balance, Governmental F	cause:		\$	2,070,742
Capital assets used in governmenta	l activities are not financial			
resources and therefore are not rep	ported in the funds.			
Gross capital assets at historical of	cost	\$ 19,095,133		
Accumulated depreciation		 (8,384,582)	_	10,710,551
Deferred outflows of resources rela	ated to pensions			
are not reported in the funds				590,807
Other long-term assets (accrued int	terest receivable from taxes) are			
not available to pay for current-per	riod expenditures and			
therefore are inflows of resources i	n the funds.			17,887
Liabilities for earned revenues cons	sidered deferred			
inflows of resources in fund statem	ents.			100,734
Some liabilities, including bonds pa	yable and accrued interest, are			
not due and payable in the current	period and therefore are not			
reported in the net assets of govern	nmental activities.			(1,941,808)
Deferred inflows of resources relate	ed to pensions			
are not reported in the funds				(77,546)
Other long-term liabilities (accrued	interest) are not due and payable			
in the current period and therefore	are not reported in the funds.			(25,922)
Net pension liability				(657,258)
Total pension liability				(404,397)
Net position of governmental activi	ities		<u>\$</u> —	10,383,790

Town of Elizabethtown, North Carolina Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Governmental Funds

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

			Major Funds			
		1	Leinwand	A*	Total	Total
		eral nd	Park PARTF Capital Project	Airport Capital Projects	Non-Major Funds	Governmental Funds
Revenues:						
Ad valorem taxes		66,258	\$ -	\$ -	\$ - \$	
Other taxes and licenses		14,405	-	-	-	14,405
Unrestricted intergovernmental		61,550	-	-	-	1,161,550
Restricted intergovernmental		76,266	132,237	357,872	94,340	1,160,715
Permits and fees		28,549	-	-	-	28,549
Sales and services	1,3	99,554	-	-	-	1,399,554
Investment earnings		31,163	-	-	7	31,170
Miscellaneous		91,451	-	-	100,000	191,451
Total revenues	5,0	69,196	132,237	357,872	194,347	5,753,652
Expenditures:						
Current:						
General government		59,402	-	-	-	1,159,402
Public safety	2,5	35,244	-	-	-	2,535,244
Transportation	6	28,468	-	-	48,484	676,952
Economic & Physical Development		47,000	-	307,402	-	354,402
Environmental protection	4	92,547	-	-	-	492,547
Cultural and recreation		48,565	182,925	-	41,292	272,782
Debt service						
Principal	1	73,721	-	-	-	173,721
Interest		48,921	-	-	-	48,921
Total expenditures		33,868	182,925	307,402	89,776	5,713,971
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(64,672)	(50,688)	50,470	104,571	39,681
Other financing sources (uses):						
Transfers from other funds		-	-	-	-	-
Transfers to other funds		-	-	-	-	-
Proceeds from debt obligations	3	00,000	-	-	-	300,000
Total other financing sources (uses)	3	00,000	_	-		300,000
Net Change in Fund Balance	2	35,328	(50,688)	50,470	104,571	339,681
Fund balances, beginning	1,9	78,427	(82,763)	(86,182)	(78,421)	1,731,061
Fund balances, ending	\$ 2,2	13,755	\$ (133,451)	\$ (35,712)	\$ 26,150 \$	2,070,742

Town of Elizabethtown, North Carolina Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Governmental Funds

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:			
Net changes in fund balances - total governmental funds	Ç	5	339,681
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current period.			
Depreciation Capital Outlay Cost of capital asset disposed of during the year, not recognized on	\$ (522,386) 1,099,565		
modified accrual basis.	(2,100)		575,079
Contributions to the pension plan in the current fiscal year are deferred outflows of resources on the Statement of Net Position Benefit payments paid and administrative expense for the LEOSSA are			139,801
not included on the Statement of Net Position			30,262
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds. Change in unavailable revenue for tax revenues			(583)
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction has any effect on net position. These amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and			
related items. New long-term debt issued Principal payments on long-term debt (Increase)/Decrease in accrued interest payable	(300,000) 173,721 1,894		(124,385)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.			
Compensated absences Pension expense	8,941 (195,580)		(186,639)
Total changes in net position of governmental activities.		s <u> </u>	773,216

Town of Elizabethtown, North Carolina **General Fund**

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

-	Original	. <u>-</u>	Final		Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues:						
Ad valorem taxes \$	1,838,350	\$	1,838,350	\$	1,766,258	\$ (72,092)
Other taxes and licenses	1,000		1,000		14,405	13,405
Unrestricted intergovernmental	1,206,000		1,205,500		1,161,550	(43,950)
Restricted intergovernmental	171,200		358,932		576,266	217,334
Permits and fees	12,200		12,400		28,549	16,149
Sales and services	1,231,451		1,292,210		1,399,554	107,344
Investment earnings	5,010		5,010		31,163	26,153
Miscellaneous	28,100		29,500		91,451	61,951
Total revenues	4,493,311	_	4,742,902	-	5,069,196	326,294
Expenditures: Current:						
General government	1,234,306		1,211,650		1,159,402	52,248
Economic Development	47,000		47,000		47,000	-
Public safety	1,926,535		2,646,626		2,535,244	111,382
Transportation	575,582		651,083		628,468	22,615
Environmental protection	492,600		492,600		492,547	53
Cultural and recreation	31,900		67,700		48,565	19,135
Debt service	185,388		222,643		222,642	1
Total expenditures	4,493,311	_	5,339,302		5,133,868	205,434
Revenues over (under) expenditures	-	· <u>-</u>	(596,400)		(64,672)	531,728
Other financing sources (uses):						
Transfers from other funds	_		_		_	_
Transfers to other funds	_		_		_	_
Fund Balance Appropriated	_		296,400		_	(296,400)
Loan Proceeds			300,000		300,000	-
Total other financing sources (uses)	-	_	596,400	· -	300,000	(296,400)
Net Change in Fund Balance \$	-	\$	-	:	235,328	\$ 235,328
Fund balances, beginning					1,978,427	
Fund balances, ending				\$	2,213,755	

Town of Elizabethtown, North Carolina Statement of Fund Net Position Proprietary Fund

June 30, 2017

Assets	
Current assets:	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 2,796,689
Restricted cash	125,720
Accounts receivable (net) - billed	93,006
Accounts receivable (net) - unbilled	142,018
Restricted accounts receivable	-
Due from other funds	157,990
Due from component unit	24,500
Inventories	62,485
Total Current Assets	3,402,408
Non-Current Assets:	
Capital Assets:	
Land, non-depreciable improvements	
and construction in progress	437,972
Other capital assets, net of depreciation	13,603,789
Total Capital Assets	14,041,761
Tabel Assault	47 444 460
Total Assets	17,444,169
Deferred Outlfows of Resources:	91,252
Liabilities	
Current liabilities:	
Accounts payable and Accrued Liabilities	25,058
Liabilities payable from restricted assets	•
Accounts payable	-
Customer deposits	125,720
Accrued Vacation - Current	12,026
Current Portion of Long Term Debt	100,035
Total Current Assets	262,839
AL LINE	
Noncurrent liabilities:	
Net Pension Liability	106,995
Long Term Debt	1,123,614
Accrued Vacation	
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	1,230,609
Total liabilities	1,493,448
Deferred Inflows of Resources	10,959
Net Position	
Net investment in capital assets	12,818,112
Unrestricted	3,212,902
Total Net Position	\$ <u>16.031.014</u>
	-

Town of Elizabethtown, North Carolina

Statements of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position Proprietary Fund

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

Operating revenues:		
Water Sales	\$	611,908
County Water		188
Sewer Charges		766,686
Grease Trap Fees		40,490
Water and Sewer Taps		13,904
Reconnection Fee		80,545
Miscellaneous	_	40,404
Total Operating Revenue		1,554,125
Operating expenses:		
Water Department		
Salaries		148,543
Employee Benefits		60,512
Operating Expenses		357,760
Depreciation		259,405
Total Operating Expenses	_	826,220
Sower Department		
Sewer Department Salaries		112 447
Employee Benefits		112,447
· ·		37,340
Operating Expenses		341,366
Bad Debts		-
Depreciation		259,404
Total		750,557
Operating income (Loss)	_	(22,652)
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):		
Sale of Fixed Assets		-
Investment earnings		199
Interest and fees		(2,481)
Total nonoperating revenues(expenses)	_	(2,282)
Income Before Contributions		(24,934)
Capital Contributions - Grant	_	196,573
Change in Net Position		171,639
Net position - Beginning		15,859,375
Total Net Position, Ending	\$	16,031,014

Town of Elizabethtown, North Carolina Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Fund

For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

Cash flows from operating activities:		
Cash received from customers	\$	1,533,309
Cash paid for goods and services		(1,035,459)
Cash paid to employees for services		(266,400)
Customer deposits received	_	19,145
Net cash provided by operating activities	_	250,595
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities:		
Change in due from other funds		(2,645)
Change in due from component unit		(24,500)
Net cash flows from noncapital financing activities:	_	(27,145)
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:		
Acquisition and construction of capital assets		(577,708)
Debt reduction		(102,356)
Debt proceeds		129,836
Interest paid		(2,481)
Capital Contributions - Grants	_	262,463
Net cash used by capital and related financing activities	_	(290,246)
Cash flows from investing activities:		
Interest on investments	_	199
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents		(66,597)
Cach and each equivalenter		
Cash and cash equivalents: Beginning		2 090 006
Ending	ς-	2,989,006 2,922,409
Lituing	⁷ =	2,322,403
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided by operating activities		
Operating income (loss)	\$	(22,652)
Adjustments to reconcile operating	_	•
income to net cash provided by operating activities:		
Depreciation		518,809
Changes in assets and liabilities:		
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable		(20,816)
(Increase) decrease in inventory and prepaid expenses		(17,795)
(Increase)/Decrease in deferred outflows of resources-pensions		(72,629)
Increase/(Decrease) in net pension liability		83,835
Increase/(Decrease) in deferred inflows of resources-pensions		(7,837)
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable and accrued liabilities		(224,055)
Increase (decrease) in customer deposits		19,145
Increase (decrease) in accrued vacation pay	_	(5,410)
Total adjustments	<u>,</u> –	273,247
Net cash provided by operating activities	^{>} _	250,595

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TOWN OF ELIZABETHTOWN, NORTH CAROLINA Notes to the Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

NOTE 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accounting policies of the Town of Elizabethtown and its discretely presented component units conform to generally accepted accounting principles as applicable to governments. The following is a summary of the more significant accounting policies:

A. Reporting Entity

The Town of Elizabethtown is a municipal corporation that is governed by an elected mayor and a six-member council. As required by generally accepted accounting principles, these financial statements present the Town and its component units, legally separate entities for which the Town is financially accountable. The discretely presented component units presented below are reported in separate columns in the Town's financial statements in order to emphasize that they are legally separate from the Town.

Town of Elizabethtown ABC Board

The members of the ABC Board's governing board are appointed by the Town. In addition, the ABC Board is required by State statute to distribute its surpluses to the General Fund of the Town. The ABC Board, which has a June 30 year-end, is presented as if it were a proprietary fund (discrete presentation). Complete financial statements for the ABC Board may be obtained from the entity's administrative offices at Town of Elizabethtown ABC Board, Highway 87 West, Elizabethtown, NC 28337.

Elizabethtown Airport Economic Development Commission (Airport)

Seven of the nine board members of the Elizabethtown Airport/Economic Development Commission are appointed by the Town, with two being appointed by the County of Bladen. Primary support is provided by the Town along with a lesser support from the County. The Airport's year-end is June 30, and is included as a component unit of the Town. Complete financial statements for the Airport may be reviewed at the Town of Elizabethtown's administrative office.

B. Basis of Presentation

Government-wide Statements: The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the primary government and its component units. These statements include the financial activities of the overall government. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities. These statements distinguish between the *governmental* and *business-type activities* of the Town. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other non-exchange transactions. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for the different business-type activities of the Town and for each function of the Town's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Indirect expense allocations that have been made in the funds have been reversed for the statement of activities. Program revenues include (a) fees and charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements: The fund financial statements provide information about the Town's funds. Separate statements for each fund category-governmental and proprietary-are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental and enterprise funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds.

Proprietary fund operating revenues, such as charges for services, result from exchange transactions associated with the principal activity of the fund. Exchange transactions are those in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values. Nonoperating revenues, such as subsidies, result from non-exchange transactions. Other non-operating revenues are ancillary activities such as investment earnings.

The Town reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund - The General Fund is the general operating fund of the Town. The General Fund accounts for all financial resources except those that are required to be accounted for in another fund. The primary revenue sources are ad valorem taxes, State grants, and various other taxes and licenses. The primary expenditures are for public safety, street maintenance and construction, and sanitation services.

Leinwand Park PARTF Capital Project Fund – This fund accounts for grant proceeds to be used for the improvements of the Leinwand Park.

Airport Capital Projects Fund - This fund accounts for capital projects associated with the airport.

The Town reports the following non-major governmental funds:

CDBG Client Repayment Fund – This fund accounts for payments to the Town from citizens who received improvements to their property from CDBG grant projects.

Tory Hole PARTF Capital Project Fund – This fund accounts for grant proceeds to be used for the improvement of the Tory Hole park.

Greene's Lake Capital Project Fund – This fund accounts for funds to be used for the improvement of the recently acquired Greene's Lake property in the industrial park.

Downtown Revit Phase II Capital Project Fund – This fund accounts for grant proceeds to be used for revitalization improvements to the downtown district.

FEMA SAFER Grant Project – This fund accounts for the activity of the FEMA SAFER grant project.

The Town reports the following major enterprise funds:

Water and Sewer Fund - This fund is used to account for the Town's water and sewer operations.

C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

In accordance with North Carolina General Statutes, all funds of the Town are maintained during the year using the modified accrual basis of accounting.

Government-wide and Proprietary Fund Financial Statements. The government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus. The government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Non-exchange transactions, in which the Town gives

(or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants, entitlements, and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants, entitlements, and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the Town enterprise funds are charges to customers for sales and services. The Town also recognizes as operating revenue the portion of tap fees intended to recover the cost of connecting new customers to the water and sewer system. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements. Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

The Town considers all revenues available if they are collected within 90 days after year-end, except for property taxes. Ad valorem taxes receivable are not accrued as revenue because the amount is not susceptible to accrual. At June 30, taxes receivable for property other than motor vehicles are materially past due and are not considered to be an available resource to finance the operations of the current year. Also, as of September 1, 2013, State law altered the procedures for the assessment and collection of property taxes on registered motor vehicles in North Carolina. Effective with this change in the law, the State of North Carolina is responsible for billing and collecting the property taxes on registered motor vehicles on behalf of all municipalities and special tax districts. Property taxes are due when vehicles are registered. The billed taxes are applicable to the fiscal year in which they are received. Uncollected taxes that were billed in periods prior to September 1, 2013 and for limited registration plates are shown as a receivable in these financial statements and are offset by deferred inflows of resources.

Sales taxes and certain intergovernmental revenues, such as the beer and wine tax, collected and held by the State at year-end on behalf of the Town are recognized as revenue. Sales taxes are considered a shared revenue for the Town of Elizabethtown because the tax is levied by Bladen County and then remitted to and distributed by the State. Most intergovernmental revenues and sales and services are not susceptible to accrual because generally they are not measurable until received in cash. All taxes, including those dedicated for specific purposes are reported as general revenues rather than program revenues. Under the terms of grant agreements, the Town funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants, categorical block grants, and general revenues. Thus, when program expenses are incurred, there is both restricted and unrestricted net position available to finance the program. It is the Town's policy to first apply cost-reimbursement grant resources to such programs, followed by categorical block grants, and then general revenues.

D. Budgetary Data

The Town's budgets are adopted as required by the North Carolina General Statutes. An annual budget is adopted for the General and Enterprise Funds. All annual appropriations lapse at the fiscal year-end. Project ordinances are adopted for the Special Revenue and Capital Projects Funds. The enterprise fund projects are consolidated with their respective operating fund for reporting purposes. All budgets are prepared using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations at the functional level for all annually budgeted funds and at the project level for multi-year funds. The Town Manager is authorized to transfer appropriations within a fund up to \$5,000; however, any revisions that alter the total expenditures of any fund or exceed \$5,000 must be approved by the governing board. During the year, several amendments to the original budget were necessary, the effects of which were not material. A budget calendar is included in the North Carolina General Statutes which prescribes the last day on which certain steps of that budget procedure are to be performed. The budget ordinance must be adopted by July 1 of the fiscal year or the governing board must adopt an interim budget that covers that time until the annual ordinance can be adopted.

E. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows/Outflows and Fund Equity

Deposits and Investments

All Deposits of the Town, the ABC Board and the Elizabethtown Airport/Economic Development Commission are made in board designated official depositories and are secured as required by State law [G.S. 159-31]. The Town, the ABC Board and the Elizabethtown Airport/Economic Development Commission may designate, as an official depository, any bank or savings association whose principal office is located in North Carolina. Also, the Town, the ABC Board and the Elizabethtown Airport/Economic Development Commission may establish time deposit accounts such as Now and SuperNow accounts, money market accounts, and certificates of deposits.

State law [G.S. 159-30(c)] authorizes the Town, the ABC Board and the Elizabethtown Airport/Economic Development Commission to invest in obligations of the United States or obligations fully guaranteed both as to principal and interest by the United States; obligations of the State of North Carolina; bonds and notes of any North Carolina local government or public authority; obligations of certain non-guaranteed federal agencies; certain high quality issues of commercial paper and bankers' acceptances and the North Carolina Capital Management Trust (NCCMT). The Town's, the ABC Board's and the Commission's investments are reported at fair value. Non-participating interest earning contracts are accounted for at cost. The NCCMT Government Portfolio, a SEC-registered (2a-7) external investment pool, is measured at amortized cost, which is the NCCMT's share price. The NCCMT- Term Portfolio's securities are valued at fair value.

In accordance with State law, the Town has invested in securities which are callable and which provide for periodic interest rate increases in specific increments until maturity. These investments are reportable at fair value as determined by quoted market prices.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Town pools money from several funds to facilitate disbursement and investment and to maximize investment income. Therefore, all cash and investments are essentially demand deposits and considered cash and cash equivalents. The ABC Board and the Airport/Economic Development Commission consider all highly liquid investments (including restricted assets) with a maturity of three months or less when purchased, to be cash and cash equivalents.

Restricted Assets

Powell Bill funds are classified as restricted cash because they can be expended only for the purposes of maintaining, repairing, constructing, reconstructing or widening of local streets per G.S. 136-41.1 through 136-41.4. Collections from local home owners that benefited from a CDBG project are held in that fund for future CDBG projects.

The unexpended amounts in capital projects are classified as restricted assets for the enterprise fund because their use is completely restricted to the purpose for which the capital projects were established and may have grant restrictions as to the local match. Portions of grants that have been requested for reimbursement and not yet received are reported as restricted as well as any payables for the grant project.

Town of Elizabethtown Restricted Cash	
Governmental Activities	
General Fund	
Streets	\$ 523,567
Public Safety	5,533
CDBG Client Repayment Fund	
Economic and physical development	30,219
Total Governmental Activities	559,319
Business Type Activities	
Water and Sewer Fund	
Customer Deposits	125,720
Total Business Type Activities	125,720
Total Restricted Cash	\$ 685,039

Ad Valorem Taxes Receivable

In accordance with State law [G.S. 105-347 and G.S. 159-13(a)], the Town levies ad valorem taxes on property other than motor vehicles on July 1st, the beginning of the fiscal year. The taxes are due on September 1st (lien date); however interest does not accrue until the following January 6th. These taxes are based on the assessed values as of January 1, 2016. As allowed by State law, the Town has established a schedule of discounts that apply to taxes that are paid prior to the due date. In the Town's General Fund, ad valorem tax revenues are reported net of such discounts.

Allowance for Doubtful Accounts

All receivables that historically experience uncollectible accounts are shown net of an allowance for doubtful accounts. This amount is estimated by analyzing the percentage of receivables that were written off in prior years.

Inventory and Prepaid Items

The inventories of the Town and ABC Board are valued at cost (first-in, first-out), which approximates market. The inventory of the Town's Enterprise Fund and ABC Board consist of materials and supplies held for consumption. The cost of these inventories is recorded as an expense as it is consumed.

Certain payments to vendors reflect cost applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements and expensed as the items are used.

Capital Assets

Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than a certain cost and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Minimum capitalization costs are as follows: land, \$5,000; buildings, improvements, substations, lines, and other plant and distribution systems, \$5,000; infrastructure, \$5,000; furniture and equipment, \$5,000; and vehicles, \$5,000. Donated capital assets received prior to June 30, 2015 are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of donation. Donated capital assets received after June 30, 2015 are recorded at acquisition value. All other purchased or constructed capital assets are reported at cost or estimated historical cost. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized.

Capital assets are depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives:

	Estimated
Asset Class	Useful Lives
Buildings	40
Infrastructure	30
Motor Vehicles	5
Equipment	7
Plant Assets	50

Property, plant, and equipment of the ABC Board and Airport are depreciated over their useful lives on a straight-line basis as follows:

	Estimated
Asset Class	Useful Life
Buildings	50 Years
Furniture	5-6 Years
Equipment	10 Years
Land Improvements	10 Years

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *Deferred Outflows of Resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an expense or expenditure until then. The Town has one item that meets this criterion, pension deferrals for the 2017 fiscal year. In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *Deferred Inflows of Resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as revenue until then. The Town has two items that meet the criterion for this category - property taxes receivable and pension deferrals for the 2017 fiscal year.

Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position.

In the fund financial statements for governmental fund types, the face amount of debt issued is reported as an other financing source.

Compensated Absences

The vacation policies of the Town and the ABC Board provide for the accumulation of up to thirty (30) days earned vacation leave with such leave being fully vested when earned. For the Town's governments-wide and proprietary funds, an expense and a liability for compensated absences and the salary-related payments are recorded as the leave is earned. The current portion of the accumulated vacation pay is not considered to be material; therefore, no expenditure or liability has been reported in the governmental-wide or proprietary funds.

The Town's sick leave policy provides for an unlimited accumulation of earned sick leave. Sick leave does not vest, but any unused sick leave accumulated at the time of retirement may be used in the determination of length of service for retirement benefit purposes. Since the Town does not have any obligation for the accumulated sick leave until it is actually taken, no accrual for sick leave has been made.

Net Position/Fund Balances

<u>Net Position</u> - Net position in government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are classified as net investment in capital assets; restricted; and unrestricted. Restricted net position represent constraints on resources that are either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law through state statute.

<u>Fund Balances</u> - In the governmental fund financial statements, fund balance is composed of five classifications designed to disclose the hierarchy of constraints placed on how fund balance can be spent.

The governmental fund types classify fund balances as follows:

Nonspendable Fund Balance – This classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted Fund Balance – This classification includes amounts that are restricted to specific purposes externally imposed by creditors or imposed by law.

Restricted for Stabilization by State Statute – portion of fund balance that is restricted by State Statute [G.S. 159-8(a)].

Restricted for Streets – Represents both Powell Bill portion of fund balance that is restricted by revenue source for street construction and maintenance expenditures and funds restricted for use in the Downtown Revitalization project. This amount represents the balance of the total unexpended Powell Bill funds and funds received for the Downtown Revitalization project.

Reserve for Debt Service – The amount USDA requires restricted for debt payments as described in the loan document.

Restricted for Economic and Physical Development – portion of fund balance that is restricted for future CDBG projects.

Committed Fund Balance –portion of fund balance that can only be used for specific purposes imposed by majority vote by quorum of Town of Elizabethtown's governing body (highest level of decision-making authority). The governing body can, by adoption of an ordinance prior to the end of the fiscal year, commit fund balance. Once adopted, the limitation imposed by the ordinance remains in place until a similar action is taken (the adoption of another ordinance) to remove or revise the limitation.

Committed for Capital Projects – portion of fund balance assigned by the Board for various departments.

Assigned fund balance – portion of fund balance that Town of Elizabethtown intends to use for specific purposes.

Subsequent year's expenditures – portion of fund balance that is appropriated in the next year's budget that is not already classified in restricted or committed. The governing body approves the appropriation and any modifications to the original budget. There was none at June 30, 2016.

Unassigned fund balance – the portion of fund balance that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes or other funds.

The Town of Elizabethtown adheres to the North Carolina Local Government Commission's recommendation of a minimum fund balance for the general fund which instructs management to conduct the business of the Town in such a manner that available fund balance does not go below eight percent of budgeted expenditures. Any portion of the general fund balance in excess of 8% of budgeted expenditures may be appropriated for one-time expenditures and may not be used for any purpose that would obligate the Town in a future budget.

Defined Benefit Cost-Sharing Plans

For purposes of measuring the net pension asset, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (LGERS) and additions to/deductions from LGERS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by LGERS. For this purpose, plan member contributions are recognized in the period in which the contributions are due. The Town of Elizabethtown's employer contributions are recognized when due and the Town of Elizabethtown has a legal requirement to provide the contributions. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of LGERS. Investments are reported at fair value.

NOTE 2: Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability

<u>Significant Violations of Finance-Related Legal and Contractual Provisions</u>
None.

Deficit in Fund Balance or Net Position of Individual Funds

The FEMA SAFER Grant Project Fund, the Airport Capital Projects Fund, Downtown Revit Phase II Capital Project Fund, Greene's Lake Capital Project and Leinwand Park PARTF Capital Project Fund had deficit fund balances due to the fact that the Town currently has not funded the matching portion. The amounts have been approved by board resolution and will be funded later in the project. Management is planning to fund the local portion once the projects are complete.

Excess of Expenditures over Appropriations None.

NOTE 3: Detail Notes on All Funds and Account Groups

A. Assets

Deposits

All of the deposits of the Town, the ABC Board and the Airport are either insured or collateralized by using one of two methods. Under the Dedicated Method, all deposits that exceed the federal depository insurance coverage level are collateralized with securities held by the Town's, the ABC Board's and the Airport's agent(s)

in these units' names. Under the Pooling Method, which is a collateral pool, all uninsured deposits are collateralized with securities held by the State Treasurer's agent in the name of the State Treasurer. Since the State Treasurer is acting in a fiduciary capacity for the Town, the ABC Board and the Airport, these deposits are considered to be held by their agents in the entity's name. The amount of the pledged collateral is based on an approved averaging method for non-interest bearing deposits and the actual current balance for interestbearing deposits. Depositories using the Pooling Method report to the State Treasurer the adequacy of their pooled collateral covering uninsured deposits. The State Treasurer does not confirm this information with the Town, the ABC Board and the Airport, or with the escrow agent. Because of the inability to measure the exact amount of collateral pledged for the Town, the ABC Board and the Airport under the Pooling Method, the potential exists for under collateralization, and this risk may increase in periods of high cash flows. However, the State Treasurer of North Carolina enforces strict standards of financial stability for each depository that collateralizes public deposits under the Pooling Method. The Town has no formal policy regarding custodial credit risk for deposits, but relies on the State Treasurer to enforce standards of minimum capitalization for all pooling method financial institutions and to monitor them for compliance. The Town complies with the provisions of G.S. 159-31 when designating official depositories and verifying that deposits are properly secured. The ABC Board and Airport have no formal policy regarding custodial credit risk for deposits.

At June 30, 2017, the Town's deposits had a carrying amount of \$571,680 and a bank balance of \$452,462. Of the bank balance, all was covered by federal depository insurance. The carrying amount of deposits for the ABC Board was \$281,188 and the bank balance was \$257,481. All of the bank balance was covered by federal depository insurance. The carrying amount of deposits for the Airport was \$42,984 and the bank balance was \$42,897. All of the bank balances were covered by federal depository insurance. At June 30, 2017 the Town's petty cash fund totaled \$75 and the ABC Board's was \$1,260.

Investments

At June 30, 2017 the Town had \$4,156,064 invested in the North Carolina Capital Management Trust Government Portfolio which carried a credit rating of AAAm by Standard and Poor's. The Town had no policy regarding credit risk of its investments.

Receivables - Allowance for Doubtful Accounts

The amounts presented in the Balance Sheet and the Statement of Net Position are net of the following allowances for doubtful accounts:

Fund	_	June 30, 2017
General Fund		
Taxes Receivable	\$	64,000
Accounts Receivable	_	15,485
Total		79,485
Enterprise Funds:	_	43,504
Total	\$	122,989

Capital Assets

Primary Government

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2017, was as follows:

	Beginning			Ending
	Balances	Increases	Decreases	Balances
Governmental Activities:				
Capital Assets not Being Depreciated:				
Land	926,715 \$	- \$	- \$	926,715
Construction in Progress	1,022,388	562,198	(784,731)	799,855
Total Capital Assets not Being Depreciated:	1,949,103	562,198	(784,731)	1,726,570
Capital Assets Being Depreciated:				
Buildings	6,266,934	-		6,266,934
Infrastructure	6,152,035	809,101	-	6,961,136
Equipment	1,566,006	462,444	(110,984)	1,917,466
Vehicles	2,387,919	50,553	(215,445)	2,223,027
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated:	16,372,894	1,322,098	(326,429)	17,368,563
Less Accumulated Depreciation				
Buildings	2,504,738	143,590		2,648,328
Infrastructure	1,966,604	222,175	-	2,188,779
Equipment	1,490,171	106,339	(110,984)	1,485,526
Vehicles	2,225,012	50,282	(213,345)	2,061,949
Total Accumulated Depreciation	8,186,525 \$	522,386 \$	(324,329)	8,384,582
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated, net	8,186,369			8,983,981
Governmental Activity Capital Assets, net	10,135,472		\$	10,710,551

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

General Government	\$	76,801
Public Safety		151,233
Transportation		121,946
Recreation		14,754
Economic Development	_	157,652
Total Depreciation Expense	\$_	522,386

	Beginning			Ending
	Balances	Increases	Decreases	Balances
Business-type Activities:				
Water and Sewer Fund				
Capital Assets not Being Depreciated:				
Land	\$ 272,481	\$ 165,491 \$	- \$	437,972
Construction in Progress	1,360,813	74,817	(1,435,630)	
Total Capital Assets not Being Depreciated:	1,633,294	240,308	(1,435,630)	437,972
Capital Assets Being Depreciated:				
Buildings	205,490	-	-	205,490
Plant and Distribution	21,366,027	1,626,132	-	22,992,159
Equipment	979,021	81,008		1,060,029
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated:	22,550,538	1,707,140		24,257,678
Less Accumulated Depreciation				
Buildings	205,490	-	-	205,490
Plant and Distribution	9,199,973	462,572	-	9,662,545
Equipment	729,617	56,237		785,854
Total Accumulated Depreciation	10,135,080	\$ 518,809 \$		10,653,889
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated, net	12,415,458	·		13,603,789
Water and Sewer Fund Capital Assets, Net	\$ 14,048,752		\$	14,041,761

Discretely Presented Component Units:

Activity for the ABC Board for the year ended June 30, 2017, was as follows:

	Beginning			Ending
	Balances	Increases	Decreases	Balances
Capital Assets not Being Depreciated:				
Land \$	34,626 \$	\$	\$_	34,626
Total Capital Assets not Being Depreciated:	34,626		<u> </u>	34,626
Capital Assets Being Depreciated:				
Buildings	207,126	-	-	207,126
Other Improvements	6,657	-	-	6,657
Equipment	79,399		<u> </u>	79,399
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated:	293,182			293,182
Less Accumulated Depreciation				
Buildings	77,741	4,812	-	82,553
Other Improvements	6,657	-	-	6,657
Equipment	79,306	1,957		81,263
Total Accumulated Depreciation	163,704 \$	6,769 \$	<u> </u>	170,473
Total Capital Assets Being Depreicated, net	129,478			122,709
ABC Capital Assets, net \$	164,104		\$_	157,335

Activity for the Airport for the year ended June 30, 2017, was as follows:

		Beginning				Ending
	_	Balances		Increases	Decreases	Balances
Capital Assets Being Depreciated:						
Buildings	\$	56,003	\$	- \$	- \$	56,003
Equipment		206,530				206,530
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated:		262,533		_		262,533
Less Accumulated Depreciation						
Buildings		46,158		6,143	-	52,301
Equipment	_	206,530	_			206,530
Total Accumulated Depreciation		252,688	\$	6,143 \$		258,831
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated, net		9,845				3,702
Airport Capital Assets, net	\$	9,845	_		\$	3,702

B. Liabilities

Pension Plan Obligations

1. Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System

Plan Description. The Town of Elizabethtown is a participating employer in the statewide Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (LGERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the State of North Carolina. LGERS membership is comprised of general employees and local law enforcement officers (LEOs) of participating local governmental entities. Article 3 of G.S. Chapter 128 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly. Management of the plan is vested in the LGERS Board of Trustees, which consists of 13 members – nine appointed by the Governor, one appointed by the State Senate, one appointed by the State House of Representatives, and the State Treasurer and State Superintendent, who serve as ex-officio members. The Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System is included in the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the State of North Carolina. The State's CAFR includes financial statements and required supplementary information for LGERS. That report may be obtained by writing to the Office of the State Controller, 1410 Mail Service Center, Raleigh, North Carolina 27699-1410, by calling (919) 981-5454, or at www.osc.nc.gov.

Benefits Provided. LGERS provides retirement and survivor benefits. Retirement benefits are determined as 1.85% of the member's average final compensation times the member's years of creditable service. A member's average final compensation is calculated as the average of a member's four highest consecutive years of compensation. Plan members are eligible to retire with full retirement benefits at age 65 with five years of creditable service, at age 60 with 25 years of creditable service, or at any age with 30 years of creditable service. Plan members are eligible to retire with partial retirement benefits at age 50 with 20 years of creditable service or at age 60 with five years of creditable service (age 55 for firefighters). Survivor benefits are available to eligible beneficiaries of members who die while in active service or within 180 days of their last day of service and who have either completed 20 years of creditable service regardless of age (15 years of creditable service for firefighters and rescue squad members who are killed in the line of duty) or have completed five years of service and have reached age 60. Eligible beneficiaries may elect to receive a monthly Survivor's Alternate Benefit for life or a return of the member's contributions. The plan does not provide for automatic post-retirement benefit increases. Increases are contingent upon actuarial gains of the plan.

LGERS plan members who are LEOs are eligible to retire with full retirement benefits at age 55 with five years of creditable service as an officer, or at any age with 30 years of creditable service. LEO plan

members are eligible to retire with partial retirement benefits at age 50 with 15 years of creditable service as an officer. Survivor benefits are available to eligible beneficiaries of LEO members who die while in active service or within 180 days of their last day of service and who also have either completed 20 years of creditable service regardless of age, or have completed 15 years of service as a LEO and have reached age 50, or have completed five years of creditable service as a LEO and have reached age 55, or have completed 15 years of creditable service as a LEO if killed in the line of duty. Eligible beneficiaries may elect to receive a monthly Survivor's Alternate Benefit for life or a return of the member's contributions.

Contributions. Contribution provisions are established by General Statute 128-30 and may be amended only by the North Carolina General Assembly. Town of Elizabethtown employees are required to contribute 6% of their compensation. Employer contributions are actuarially determined and set annually by the LGERS Board of Trustees. The Town of Elizabethtown's contractually required contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2017, was 7.15% of compensation for law enforcement officers and 6.77% for general employees and firefighters, actuarially determined as an amount that, when combined with employee contributions, is expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year. Contributions to the pension plan from the Town of Elizabethtown were \$133,016 for the year ended June 30, 2017.

Refunds of Contributions – Town employees who have terminated service as a contributing member of LGERS, may file an application for a refund of their contributions. By state law, refunds to members with at least five years of service include 4% interest. State law requires a 60 day waiting period after service termination before the refund may be paid. The acceptance of a refund payment cancels the individual's right to employer contributions or any other benefit provided by LGERS.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2017, the Town reported a liability of \$764,253 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2016. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2015. The total pension liability was then rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2016 utilizing update procedures incorporating the actuarial assumptions. The Town's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the Town's long-term share of future payroll covered by the pension plan, relative to the projected future payroll covered by the pension plan of all participating LGERS employers, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2017, the Town's proportion was 0.03601%, which was a decrease of 0.00085% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2015.

For the year ended June 30, 2017, the Town recognized pension expense of \$186,636. At June 30, 2017, the Town reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

		eferred		
	Οι	ıtflows of	Defer	red Inflows
	R	esources	of F	Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	14,359	\$	26,780
Changes of assumptions		52,344		-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on				
pension plan investments		422,535		-
Changes in proportion and differences between Town				
contributions and proportionate share of contributions		-		51,509
Town contributions subsequent to the measurement date		162,559		
Total	\$	651,797	\$	78,289

\$162,559 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from Town contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a decrease of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2017. Other amounts reported as deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:	
2018	\$ 50,180
2019	50,358
2020	193,131
2021	117,280
2022	-
Thereafter	
	\$ 410,949

Actuarial Assumptions. The total pension liability in the December 31, 2015 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 3.0 percent

Salary increases 3.50 to 7.75 percent, including inflation

and productivity factor

Investment rate of return 7.25 percent, net of pension plan

investment expense, including inflation

The plan currently uses mortality tables that vary by age, gender, employee group (i.e. general, law enforcement officer) and health status (i.e. disabled and healthy). The current mortality rates are based on published tables and based on studies that cover significant portions of the U.S. population. The healthy mortality rates also contain a provision to reflect future mortality improvements.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2015 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period January 1, 2010 through December 31, 2014.

Future ad hoc COLA amounts are not considered to be substantively automatic and are therefore not included in the measurement.

The projected long-term investment returns and inflation assumptions are developed through review of current and historical capital markets data, sell-side investment research, consultant whitepapers, and historical performance of investment strategies. Fixed income return projections reflect current yields across the U.S. Treasury yield curve and market expectations of forward yields projected and interpolated for multiple tenors and over multiple year horizons. Global public equity return projections are established through analysis of the equity risk premium and the fixed income return projections. Other asset categories and strategies' return projections reflect the foregoing and historical data analysis. These projections are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class as of June 30, 2016 are summarized in the following table:

		Long-Term Expected Real
Asset Class	Target Allocation_	Rate of Return
Fixed Income	29.0%	1.4%
Global Equity	42.0%	5.3%
Real Estate	8.0%	4.3%
Alternatives	8.0%	8.9%
Credit	7.0%	6.0%
Inflation Protection	6.0%_	4.0%
Total	100%	

The information above is based on 30 year expectations developed with the consulting actuary for the 2016 asset, liability, and investment policy study for the North Carolina Retirement Systems, including LGERS. The long-term nominal rates of return underlying the real rates of return are arithmetic annualized figures. The real rates of return are calculated from nominal rates by multiplicatively subtracting a long-term inflation assumption of 3.00%. All rates of return and inflation are annualized.

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.25%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rate and that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially determined. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of the current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.25 percent, as well as what the Town's proportionate share of the net pension asset or net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.25 percent) or one percentage point higher (8.25 percent) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease (6.25%)		Discount Rate (7.25%)		1	% Increase (8.25%)
Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	1,813,928	\$	764,253	\$	(112,514)

Pension plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the State of North Carolina.

2. Law Enforcement Officers Special Separation Allowance

<u>Plan Description</u> - The Town of Elizabethtown administers a public employee retirement system (the "Separation Allowance"), a single-employer defined benefit pension plan that provides retirement benefits to the Town's qualified sworn law enforcement officers under the age of 62 who have completed at least 30 years of creditable service or have attained 55 years of age and have completed five or more years of creditable service. The Separation Allowance is equal to 0.85 percent of the annual equivalent of the base rate of compensation most recently applicable to the officer for each year of creditable service. The retirement benefits are not subject to any increases in salary or retirement allowances that may be authorized by the General Assembly. Article 12D of G.S. Chapter 143 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provision to the North Carolina General Assembly.

Town of Elizabethtown Notes to the Financial Statements

All full-time Town law enforcement officers are covered by the Separation Allowance. At June 30, 2017, the Separation Allowance's membership consisted of:

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

<u>Basis of Accounting</u> - The Town has chosen to fund the Separation Allowance on a pay as you go basis. Pension expenditures are made from the General Fund, which is maintained on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan.

The Separation Allowance has no assets accumulated in a trust that meets the following criteria which are outlined in GASB Statement 73:

- contributions to the pension plan and earnings on those contributions are irrevocable
- pension plan assets are dedicated to providing benefits to plan members
- pension plan assets are legally protected from the creditors or employers, nonemployer contributing entities, the plan administrator, and plan members.

<u>Method Used to Value Investments</u> – No funds are set aside to pay benefits and administration cost. These expenditures are paid as they come due.

Actuarial Assumptions. The entry age actuarial cost method was used in the December 31, 2015 valuation. The total pension liability in the December 31, 2015 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 3.0 percent

Salary increases 3.50 to 7.35 percent, including inflation

and productivity factor

Discount rate 3.86%

Contributions

The Town is required by Article 12D of G.S. Chapter 143 to provide these retirement benefits and has chosen to fund the benefit payments on a pay as you go basis through appropriations made in the General Fund operating budget. The Town's obligation to contribute to this plan is established and may be amended by the North Carolina General Assembly. There were no contributions made by employees. The Town's obligation to contribute to this plan is established and may be amended by the North Carolina General Assembly. Administration costs of the Separation Allowance are financed through investment earnings. The Town paid \$30,262 as benefits came due for the reporting period.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2017, the Town reported a total pension liability of \$404,397. The total pension liability was measured as of December 31, 2016 based on a December 31, 2015 actuarial valuation. The total pension liability was then rolled forward to the measurement date of December 31, 2016 utilizing update

procedures incorporating the actuarial assumptions. For the year ended June 30, 2017, the Town recognized pension expense of \$38,183.

	Deferred		
	Outflows of	Defe	erred Inflows
	Resources	of	Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ -	\$	-
Changes of assumptions and other inputs	-		10,216
Benefit payments and administrative expenses			
subsequent to the measurement date.	30,262		
Total	\$ 30,262	\$	10,216

\$30,262 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from benefit payments made and administrative expenses incurred subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a decrease of the total pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2018. Other amounts reported as deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:	
2018	\$ (1,764)
2019	(1,764)
2020	(1,764)
2021	(1,764)
2022	(1,764)
Thereafter	 (1,396)
	\$ (10,216)

\$30,262 paid as benefits came due and \$0 of administrative expenses subsequent to the measurement date are reported as deferred outflows of resources.

Sensitivity of the Town's total pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the Town's total pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 3.71 percent, as well as what the Town's total pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 3.71 percent, as well as what the Town's total pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (2.71 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (4.71 percent) that the current rate:

		1% Decrease		count Rate	1% Increase	
		(2.71%)		(3.71%)	(4.71%)	
Total Pension Liability	\$	447,371	\$	404,397	\$ 365,972	

Schedule of Changes in Total Pension Liability Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance

	2017
Beginning balance	413,662
Service Cost	22,678
Interest on the total pension liability	14,159
Changes of benefit terms	-
Differences between expected and actual experience in the measurement of the total pension liability	<u>-</u>
Changes of assumptions or other inputs	(11,980)
Benefit payments	(34,122)
Other changes	
Ending balance of the total pension liability	404,397

The plan currently uses mortality tables that vary by age, and health status (i.e. disabled and healthy). The current mortality rates are based on published tables and based on studies that cover significant portions of the U.S. population. The healthy mortality improvements.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2015 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period January 1, 2010 through December 31, 2014.

3. Supplemental Retirement Income Plan for Law Enforcement Officers

<u>Plan Description</u> - The Town contributes to the Supplemental Retirement Income Plan (Plan), a defined contribution pension plan administered by the Department of State Treasurer and a Board of Trustees. The Plan provides retirement benefits to law enforcement officers employed by the Town. Article 5 of G.S. Chapter 135 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly. The Supplemental Retirement Income Plan for Law Enforcement Officers is included in the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the State of North Carolina. The State's CAFR includes the pension trust fund financial statements for the Internal Revenue Code Section 401(k) plan that includes the Supplemental Retirement Income Plan for Law Enforcement Officers. That report may be obtained by writing to the Office of the State Controller, 1410 Mail Service Center, Raleigh, North Carolina 27699-1410, or by calling (919) 981-5454.

<u>Funding Policy</u> - Article 12E of G.S. Chapter 143 requires the Town to contribute each month an amount equal to five percent of each officer's salary, and all amounts contributed are vested immediately. Also, the law enforcement officers may make voluntary contributions to the plan. Contributions for the year ended June 30, 2017 were \$47,611, which consisted of \$36,102 from the Town and \$11,509 from the law enforcement officers. The Town also provides for all other employees the same plan with a 3% Town contribution rate. Contributions for the year ended June 30, 2016 were \$89,608, which consisted of \$45,611 from the Town and \$43,997 from the employees.

Other Employment Benefits

The Town has elected to provide death benefits to employees through the Death Benefit Plan for members of the Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (Death Benefit Plan), a multiple-employer, State-administered, cost-sharing plan funded on a one-year term cost basis. The beneficiaries of those employees who die in active service after one year of contributing membership in the System, or who die within 180 days after retirement or termination of service and have at least one year of contributing membership service in the System at the time of death are eligible for death benefits. Lump sum death benefit payments to beneficiaries are equal to the employee's 12 highest months' salary in a

row during the 24 months prior to the employee's death, but the benefit may not exceed \$50,000 or be less than \$25,000. Because all death benefit payments are made from the Death Benefit Plan and not by the Town, the Town does not determine the number of eligible participants. The Town has no liability beyond the payment of monthly contributions. The contributions to the Death Benefit Plan cannot be separated between the post-employment benefit amount and the other benefit amount. Contributions are determined as a percentage of monthly payroll based upon rates established annually by the State. Separate rates are set for employees not engaged in law enforcement and for law enforcement officers. The Town considers these contributions to be immaterial.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

The Town has several deferred outflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources is comprised of the following:

Source	Amount
Contributions to pension plan in current fiscal year \$	162,559
Benefit payments made and administrative expenses for LEOSSA	30,262
Differences between expected and actual experience	14,359
Changes of assumptions Net difference between projected and actual earnings on	52,344
pension plan investments Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions	422,535
Total \$	682,059

Deferred inflows of resources at year-end is comprised of the following:

	Statement of			General Fund
	_	Net Position		Balance Sheet
Prepaid taxes (General Fund)	\$	1,673	\$	1,673
Taxes Receivable (General Fund)		-		100,734
Differences between expected and actual experience		26,780		-
Changes of assumptions		10,216		-
Changes in proportion and differences between employer				
contributions and proportionate share of contributions	_	51,509		
Total	\$_	90,178	\$	102,407

Risk Management

The Town is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The Town participates in two self-funded risk-financing pools administered by the North Carolina League of Municipalities. Through these pools, the Town obtains general liability and auto liability coverage of \$1 million per occurrence, property coverage up to the total insured values of the property policy and workers' compensation coverage up to statutory limits. The liability and property exposures are reinsured through commercial carriers for claims in excess of retentions as selected by the Board of Trustees each year. Specific information on the limits of the reinsurance, excess and stop loss policies purchased by the Board of Trustees can be obtained by contacting the Risk Management Services Department of the NC League of Municipalities. The pools are audited annually by certified public accountants, and the audited financial statements are available to the Town upon request. Health insurance coverage is provided to qualifying employees from private insurers.

The Town and the Airport carries commercial coverage for all other risks of loss. There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage in the prior year, and settled claims have not exceeded

commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years. The Town does not carry flood insurance on any property due to all properties being located out of the flood plain.

The Town of Elizabethtown's ABC Board is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters. The ABC Board has property, general liability, auto liability, workers' compensation, and employee health coverages. The ABC Board also has liquor legal liability coverage. There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage in the prior year, and settled claims have not exceeded coverage in any of the past three years.

In accordance with G.S. 159-29, the Town's employees that have access to \$100 or more at any given time of the Town's funds are performance bonded through a commercial surety bond. The Town has a \$50,000 fidelity bond on the finance officer, \$10,000 on the tax collector, and a blanket bond for \$10,000 on other employees.

Claims, Judgments and Contingent Liabilities

There are no pending monetary suits against the Town as of June 30, 2017.

Long-Term Obligations

Capital Leases

The Town has entered into agreements to lease certain equipment and buildings. Those leases that pertain to general fixed assets are in the general long-term debt account group and those which pertain to an enterprise fund are in the enterprise fund. The lease agreements qualify as capital leases for accounting purposes and, therefore, have been recorded at the present value of the future minimum lease payments as of the date of their inception.

Capital Leases at June 30, 2017, were as follows:

General Fund

- 1. Bladen County \$53,132 dated August 2008 for a VIPER radio system for the Fire Department is payable in 10 annual payments of \$6,416 including interest at 3.87%, beginning in 2008. Principle balance at year-end was \$6,284 with final payment expected in August 2017.
- Bladen County \$70,962 dated August 2008 for a VIPER radio system for the Police Department is payable in 10 annual payments of \$8,569 including interest at 3.87%, beginning in 2008. Principle balance at year-end was \$8,391 with final payment expected in August 2017.

Under the terms of all agreements, title passes to the Town at the end of the lease term.

For The Town of Elizabethtown, the future minimum lease obligations and the net present value of these minimum lease payments as of June 30, 2017 were as follows:

	_	Governmental Activities					
Year Ending							
30-Jun		Principal	Interest				
2018	\$	14,675	310				
2019		-	-				
2020	_						
Total	\$	14,675	310				

Notes Payable

General Fund

- 1. Notes Payable USDA dated December 1997 for the purchase agreement to finance parking improvements to the downtown area. Requires 20 annual payments of \$43,670 including interest at 4.85%. Outstanding balance at year-end was \$41,177 with final payment expected in December 2017.
- 2. Notes Payable USDA dated July 2010 for the purchase agreement to finance downtown street renovations. Requires 40 annual payments of \$32,845 including interest at 4.0%. Outstanding balance at year-end was \$578,910. Final payment expected in July 2050.
- 3. Notes Payable USDA dated June 2010 for the purchase agreement to finance downtown street renovations. Requires 40 annual payments of \$23,275 including interest at 3.375%. Outstanding balance at year-end was \$473,722. Final payment expected in April 2051.
- 4. Notes Payable USDA dated May 1, 2015 for the purchase agreement to finance the fire department renovations. Requires 30 annual payments of \$14,655 including interest at 4.0%. Outstanding balance at year-end was \$239,259. Final payment expected in May 2044.
- 5. BB&T \$71,705 dated November 25, 2014 for three police vehicles payable in 36 monthly payments of \$2,035 with interest at 1.59%. Principle balance at year-end was \$10,136. Final payment expected in November 2018.
- 6. First Bank dated December 1, 2015 for two police vehicles payable in 36 monthly payments of \$1,417.75 with interest at 1.7%. Principle balance at year-end was \$25,174. Final payment expected in December 2018.
- 7. Mary Green dated May 4, 2016 for the purchase of land payable in eight annual payments of \$20,000 and one final payment of \$16,840 due January 1, 2025. No interest is stated in note. Outstanding balance at year end was \$156,840.
- 8. Four County Electric Membership Corporation dated July 28, 2016 for the purchase of a fire truck payable in forty quarterly payments of \$7,500 with interest at 0%. Principal balance at year-end was \$270,000. Final payment is expected in July 2026.

Water Fund

- 9. First Citizens Bank & Trust \$269,000 dated August 2008 for MLK Pump Station Project payable in 20 semi-annual payments of \$16,116 including interest at 3.57%. Principal balance at year-end was \$46,660. Final payment expected in August 2018.
- 10. Notes Payable NC Drinking Water State Revolving Fund dated August 2, 2011 for the purchase agreement to finance the automated meter reading project. Requires 15 annual payments of \$19,671 including interest at 0.0%. Outstanding balance at year-end was \$236,056. Final payment expected in May 2029.
- 11. Notes Payable NC Clean Water Revolving Loan dated February 11, 2016 for the purchase agreement to finance the sanitary sewer project. Total loan is \$1,412,138 with a \$397,820 principal forgiveness at end of project. Requires 20 annual payments of \$49,522.80 including interest of 0.0%. Outstanding balance at year-end was \$940,933. Final payment expected May 2037.

The future minimum payments as of June 30, 2017 are as follows:

		Governme	Governmental Activities			Business Ty	pe /	Activities
Year Ending								
30-Jun	_	Principal		Interest		Principal		Interest
2018	\$	140,108	\$	51,037	\$	100,035	\$	1,393
2019		81,334		47,908		85,015		283
2020		73,765		47,009		69,195		-
2021		74,666		46,108		69,195		-
2022		75,603		45,171		69,195		-
2023-2027		320,205		210,504		345,969		-
2028-2032		172,763		181,105		286,955		-
2033-2037		208,230		145,630		198,090		-
2038-2042		251,030		102,840		-		-
2043-2047		256,771		52,990		-		-
2048-2052		140,743		11,700		-		-
2053-2057		-		-		-		-
Total	\$	1,795,218	\$	942,002	\$	1,223,649	\$	1,676

At June 30, 2016, Town of Elizabethtown had a legal debt margin of \$20,579,648.

Changes in Long-Term Obligations

The following is a summary of changes in the Town's long-term debt for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017:

							Current
	Beginning					Ending	Portion
	Balance		Increases	_	Decreases	Balance	of Balance
Governmental Activities:							
Notes Payable	\$ 1,646,670	\$	300,000	\$	(151,452) \$	1,795,218	\$ 140,108
Capitalized Leases	36,944		-		(22,269)	14,675	14,675
Compensated Abscenses	140,858		421,047		(429,990)	131,915	131,915
Total Pension - LEO	-		404,397		-	404,397	-
Net Pension Liabilities (LGERS)	142,266		514,992	_		657,258	
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 1,966,738	\$_	1,640,436	\$	(603,711) \$	3,003,463	\$ 286,698
Business-Type Activities:							
Water and Sewer Fund							
Notes Payable	\$ 1,192,766	\$	129,836	\$	(98,953) \$	1,223,649	\$ 100,035
Capitalized Leases	3,403		-		(3,403)	-	-
Compensated Abscenses	17,436		42,343		(47,753)	12,026	12,026
Net Pension Liabilities (LGERS)	23,160	_	83,835	_		106,995	
Total Water and Sewer Fund	\$ 1,236,765	\$	256,014	\$	(150,109) \$	1,342,670	\$ 112,061

Compensated absences for governmental activities have typically been liquidated in the General Fund.

C. Interfund Balances and Activity

Due to/from funds:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	Amount
Airport CPF	General Fund	\$ 5,766
Water Fund	Leinwand Park PARTF CPF	2,645
Water Fund	General Fund	 155,345
		\$ 163,756
General Fund	FEMA SAFER Grant	\$ 41,587
General Fund	Tory Hole PARTF CPF	10,134
General Fund	Downtown Revit Phase II CPF	12,095
General Fund	Greene's Lake Project	17,905
General Fund	Leinwand Park PARTF CPF	 348,214
		\$ 429,935

Due to/from primary government and component units:

Receivable Entity	Payable Entity		Amount
Primary government -	Component unit -		
General Fund	Elizabethtown ABC Board	\$	1,665
Water Fund	Elizabethtown Airport & EDC		24,500
Elizabethtown Airport & EDC	Airport Capital Projects		184,852
General Fund	Elizabethtown Airport & EDC		13,360
	٦	Total \$	224,377

The above due to/from transactions were the result of common usage of the central depository account when the General Fund upfronts funding for capital projects until grant reimbursements are received.

Transfers to/from Funds at June 30, 2017, consist of the following:

The below transfers between the Water and Sewer Fund and capital projects were to fund specific items.

Capital Reserve Fund	\$ 216,564
	\$ 216,564

D. Fund Balance

The following schedule provides management and citizens with information on the portion of General fund balance that is available for appropriation:

Total fund balance-General Fund	\$2,213,755
Less:	
Stabilization by State Statute	783,532
Streets - Powell Bill	523,567
Police	6,777
Debt Reserve	85,031
Public Safety	5,533
Fire	2,549
General Government	86,728
Appropriated Fund Balance in 2018 Budget	-
Remaining Fund Balance	720,038

NOTE 4: Summary Disclosure of Significant Contingencies

Federal and State Assisted Programs

The Town has received proceeds from several federal and State grants. Periodic audits of these grants are required and certain costs may be questioned as not being appropriate expenditures under the grant agreements. Such audits could result in the refund of grant monies to the grantor agencies. Management believes that any required refunds will be immaterial. No provision has been made in the accompanying financial statements for the refund of grant monies.

NOTE 5: Commitments

The Town is under obligation to meet the local match for several capital projects as required by the grantor agency. See the capital project ordinances for each project in the schedules that follow.

NOTE 6: Related Organization

Town of Elizabethtown Housing Authority

The Town of Elizabethtown Housing Authority operates within the Town's geographical boundaries, exists for the benefit of its residents, and is managed by a town appointed governing board. However, the Town does not approve the Authority's budget and does not select its management. Also, the Town does not finance any of the Authority's deficits and is not entitled to any surpluses.

NOTE 7: Subsequent Events

Management has evaluated subsequent events through October 26, 2017, the date which the financial statements were available for issue.

NOTE 8: Change in Accounting Principles/Restatement

The Town implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) No. Statement 73, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions and Related Assets That Are Not within the Scope of GASB Statement 68, and Amendments to Certain Provisions of GASB Statements 67 and 68, in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2017. The implementation of the statement required the Town to record beginning total pension liability and the effects on net position of benefit payments and administrative expenses paid by the Town to the Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance during the measurement period (fiscal year ending December 31, 2016). As a result, net position for the governmental activities decreased \$379,540.

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Required Supplementary Financial Data

The section contains additional information required by the generally accepted accounting principles.

Schedule of Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability (Asset) Local Government Employees' Retirement System

Schedule of Contributions to Local Government Employees' Retirement System

Schedule of Changes in Total Pension Liability

Town of Elizabethtown, North Carolina Schedule of Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability (Asset) Required Supplementary Information Last Four Fiscal Years *

Local Government Employees' Retirement System

	 2017	2016	2015	2014	
Town's proportion of the net pension liability (asset) (%)	 0.03601%	0.03686%	0.03705%	0.04070	%
Town's proportion of the net pension liability (asset) (\$)	\$ 764,253	\$ 165,426	\$ (218,500)	\$ 490,593	1
Town's covered-employee payroll	\$ 1,926,785	\$ 1,908,817	\$ 1,827,479	\$1,866,13	5
Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	39.66%	8.67%	(11.96%)	26.29	%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability**	91.47%	98.09%	102.64%	94.35	%

^{*} The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the prior fiscal year ending June 30.

^{**} This will be the same percentage for all participant employers in the LGERS plan.

Town of Elizabethtown, North Carolina Schedule of Contributions Required Supplementary Information Last Four Fiscal Years

Local Government Employees' Retirement System

	2017	2016	2015		2014
Contractually required contribution	\$ 162,559	\$ 133,015	\$ 135,898	\$	130,462
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	162,559	133,015	135,898		130,462
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$	_
Town's covered-employee payroll	\$ 2,143,763	\$ 1,926,785	\$ 1,908,817	\$1,	,827,479
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	7.58%	6.90%	7.05%		6.99%

Town of Elizabethtown, North Carolina Schedule of Changes in Total Pension Liability Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance June 30, 2017

	 2017
Beginning balance	\$ 413,662
Service Cost	22,678
Interest on the total pension liability	14,159
Changes of benefit terms	-
Differences between expected and actual experience in the	
measurement of the total pension liability	-
Changes of assumptions or other inputs	(11,980)
Benefit payments	(34,122)
Other changes	
Ending balance of the total pension liability	\$ 404,397

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the prior fiscal year ending December 31.

Town of Elizabethtown, North Carolina Schedule of Total Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance June 30, 2017

	2017
Total pension liability	404,397
Covered payroll	709,275
Total pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll	57.02%

Notes to the schedules:

The Town of Elizabethtown has no assets accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement 73 to pay related benefits.

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General Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual

Revenues:	 Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
Ad valorem taxes:			
Tax Collections	\$ \$	1,752,884 \$	
Penalties and interest	 4.020.250	13,374	(72.002)
Total	 1,838,350	1,766,258	(72,092)
Other taxes and licenses:			
Motor Vehicle License	 	14,405	
Total	 1,000	14,405	13,405
Unrestricted intergovernmental:			
Local option sales taxes		694,996	
Beer and Wine Tax		16,186	
Utility Sales Tax		258,785	
Telecommunications Tax		36,678	
Video Programming Distribution		34,144	
Payments in Lieu of Taxes		1,491	
ABC Store Profit Distribution	 	119,270	
Total	 1,205,500	1,161,550	(43,950)
Restricted intergovernmental:			
Powell Bill Allocation		67,184	
ABC Law enforcement		4,626	
Solid Waste Disposal		2,406	
Seizure Funds		1,686	
FEMA Reimbursements		330,845	
Grants	 	169,519	
Total	 358,932	576,266	217,334
Permits and fees:			
Fire Code Fees		6,550	
Business Registration Fees		3,340	
Beer Licenses		150	
Recreation Fees		4,720	
Zoning Permits	 	13,789	
Total	 12,400	28,549	16,149

General Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual

	Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
Sales and services:			
Bladen Fire District		180,243	
Police Fines and Fees		62	
Rent of Buildings		88,569	
Reimbursements		38,402	
Administrative Reimbursement		189,036	
Garbage Collection Fees		898,133	
Donations		3,135	
Court Cost & Fines		1,974	
Total Sales and Services	1,292,210	1,399,554	107,344
Investment earnings:			
Regular		31,163	
Total Other Revenues	5,010	31,163	26,153
Other Revenues:			
Sales of Cemetery Plots		600	
Sales of Surplus Property		66,713	
Miscellaneous		24,138	
Total Other Revenues	29,500	91,451	61,951
Total Revenues	4,742,902	5,069,196	326,294
General government:			
Governing body:			
Salaries		20,145	
Employee Benefits		1,923	
Insurance and Bonds		3,100	
Operating Expenses		7,055	
Total	33,864	32,223	1,641
Administration:			
Salaries		269,841	
Employee Benefits		72,283	
Operating Expenses		148,292	
Capital outlay		-	
Total	499,704	490,416	9,288

General Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual

	Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
Finance:			
Salaries		177,835	
Employee Benefits		44,901	
Operating Expenses		57,010	
Capital outlay Total	297 021	279,746	7,285
TOTAL	287,031	2/9,/46	7,285
Public Services:			
Salaries		148,074	
Employee Benefits		45,677	
Operating Expenses		77,589	
Capital outlay			
Total	277,751	271,340	6,411
Public Facilities			
Operating Expenses		68,907	
Capital outlay		16,770	
Total	113,300	85,677	27,623
Total General Government	1,211,650	1,159,402	52,248
Economic Development:			
Elizabethtown Airport/Econ			
Development Commission		40,000	
Donation-Chamber of Commerce		7,000	
Total Economic Development	47,000	47,000	-
Public safety:			
Police:			
Salaries		741,576	
Employee Benefits		309,546	
Operating Expenses		172,048	
Capital outlay		50,553	
Total	1,354,941	1,273,723	81,218

General Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual

	Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
Fire:			
Salaries		403,177	
FICA Taxes		137,264	
Operating Expenses		267,136	
Capital outlay		453,944	
Total	1,291,685	1,261,521	30,164
Total Public Safety	2,646,626	2,535,244	111,382
Transportation:			
Streets and highways:			
Salaries		174,429	
Employee Benefits		64,467	
Operating Expenses		230,136	
Capital Outlay		8,500	
Grants			
Total	498,173	477,532	20,641
Powell Bill:			
Capital Outlay		-	
Operating Expenses		150,936	
Contracted Supplies		-	
Total	152,910	150,936	1,974
Total Transportation	651,083	628,468	22,615
Environmental protection:			
Disposal Cost		492,547	
Total Environmental Protection	492,600	492,547	53

General Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual

			Variance
	Budget	Actual	Positive (Negative)
Culture and recreation:	Dauget	Actual	(Negative)
Recreation Department			
Operating Expenses		37,965	
Capital Outlay		7,600	
Total Recreation Department	61,300	45,565	15,735
Donations:			
County Library Donation		-	
Other Donations		-	
Water Festival Donation		1,000	
Dixie Youth Baseball		2,000	
Total Donations	6,400	3,000	3,400
Total Culture and Recreation	67,700	48,565	19,135
Debt service:			
Principal retirement		173,721	
Interest and fees		48,921	
Total Debt Service	222,643	222,642	1
Total Expenditures	5,339,302	5,133,868	205,434
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(596,400)	(64,672)	531,728
Other Financing Sources (Uses):			
Transfers To/From Other Funds:			
To Capital Project			-
Fund Balance Appropriated	296,400	-	(296,400)
Proceeds of capital lease	300,000	300,000	
Total Other Financing Sources(Uses)	596,400	300,000	(296,400)
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	235,328 \$ _	235,328
Fund Balance, Beginning		1,978,427	
Fund Balance, Ending	\$	2,213,755	

Leinwand Park PARTF Grant

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and

Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual

From Inception and for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

Revenues:	Project Authorization	Priors Years	Current Year	Total To Date	Variance Positive (Negative)
Restricted Intergovernmental					
PARTF Grant	\$ 215,000	\$ 82,763	\$ <u>132,237</u>	\$ 215,000	\$
Total Restricted Intergovernmental	215,000	82,763	132,237	215,000	
Donation	215,000				(215,000)
Total Revenue	430,000	82,763	132,237	215,000	(215,000)
Expenditures					
Cultural and Recreation					
Park Improvements			182,925		
Total	430,000	165,526	182,925	348,451	81,549
Revenues over Expenditures		(82,763)	(50,688)	(133,451)	(133,451)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Transfer from General Fund					
Total					
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	\$ (82,763)	(50,688)	\$ (133,451)	\$ (133,451)
Fund Balance, Beginning			(82,763)		
Fund Balance, Ending			\$ (133,451)		

Airport Capital Projects Fund

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and

Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual

From Inception and for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

Davisson	Project Authorization	<u> </u>	Priors Years		Current Year	_	Total To Date		Variance Positive (Negative)
Revenues: Restricted Intergovernmental									
State Grant	\$ -	\$	_	\$	78,027	\$	78,027	\$	78,027
State Grant	417,103	Y	_	Y	74,282	Y	74,282	Y	(342,821)
State Grant	630,000		-		84,124		84,124		(545,876)
State Grant	1,152,635		_		121,439		121,439		(1,031,196)
Total Restricted Intergovernmental	2,199,738		-	_	357,872		357,872	-	(1,841,866)
Expenditures: Economic Development Industrial Park Taxiway									
Construction			-		74,282		74,282		
Total	417,103		-	_	74,282	_	74,282	-	342,821
Airfield Design Construction Total	700,000		<u>-</u>	_	93,470 93,470	_	93,470 93,470	-	606,530
Terminal Building									
Construction			-		139,650		139,650		
Total	1,152,635		-	_	139,650		139,650	-	1,012,985
Total Expenditures	2,269,738			_	307,402	_	307,402	-	1,962,336
Revenues over Expenditures	(70,000	<u> </u>		_	50,470	_	50,470	_	120,470
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfer From General Fund Total	70,000 70,000		(86,182) (86,182)	-	<u>-</u>	_	(86,182) (86,182)	-	(156,182) (156,182)
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	\$ =	(86,182)		50,470	\$_	(35,712)	\$	(35,712)
Fund Balance, Beginning Fund Balance, Ending				\$_	(86,182) (35,712)				

Combining Balance Sheet

Nonmajor Governmental Funds

Assets	-	Tory Hole PARTF Capital Project	R	CDBG Client sepayment Fund	G	Greene's Lake Project	•	Downtown Revit Phase II Capital Project	FEMA SAFER Grant Project Fund	_	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
Cash and Investments	\$	74,747	\$	- \$		_	\$	- \$	5,085 \$	5	79,832
Restricted Cash		-		30,219		-		-	-		30,219
Due From Other Fund		-		-		-		-	-		-
Due From Component Unit		-		-		-		-	-		-
Due From Other Governments	-		-	-		-		<u>-</u>		_	-
Total Assets	\$	74,747	\$	30,219 \$	_	-	\$	\$	5,085 \$	> =	110,051
Liabilities and Fund Balance											
Accounts Payable	\$	_	\$	- \$		_	\$	2,180 \$	- \$		2,180
Due to Other Funds	·	10,134	Υ -	<u> </u>		17,905	Ϋ.	12,095	41,587	_	81,721
Total Liabilities	-	10,134	_			17,905		14,275	41,587	_	83,901
Fund Balance											
Restricted											
Stabilization by State Statute		-		-		-		-	-		-
General Government		-		-		-		-	-		-
Public Safety		-		-		-		-	-		-
Transportation		-		-		-		94,340	-		94,340
Economic Development		-		30,219		- (47.005)		- (100 (15)	- /2C E03\		30,219
Unassigned Total Fund Balance	-	64,613 64,613	-	30,219	_	(17,905) (17,905)		(108,615) (14,275)	(36,502) (36,502)	_	(98,409 26,150
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	\$	74,747	\$	30,219 \$			\$	<u> </u>	5,085 \$	5	110,051

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Governmental Funds

For Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

Revenues:	Tory Hole PARTF Capital Project	CDBG Client Repayment Fund	Greene's Lake Project	Downtown Revit Phase II Capital Project	FEMA SAFER Grant Project Fund	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
Restricted Intergovernmental						
Grant	\$ -	\$ - \$	-	\$ 94,340 \$	- \$	•
Miscellaneous	100,000	-	-	-	-	100,000
Investment Earnings		7				7
Total	100,000	7		94,340		194,347
Expenditures						
General Government	-	-	-	-	-	-
Public Safety	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transportation	-	-	-	48,484	-	48,484
Economic Development	-	-	-	-	-	-
Recreation	23,387	-	17,905	-	-	41,292
Total	23,387		17,905	48,484		89,776
Revenues over Expenditures	76,613.00	7_	(17,905)	45,856		104,571
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
Transfers In	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transfers Out	-	-	-	-	-	-
Loan Proceeds	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	-		-			
Net Change in Fund Balance	76,613	7_	(17,905)	45,856		104,571
Fund Balance, Beginning	(12,000)	30,212	-	(60,131)	(36,502)	(78,421)
Fund Balance, Ending	\$ 64,613	\$ 30,219 \$	(17,905)			

Tory Hole PARTF Capital Project

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and

Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual

Revenues:	<u>A</u>	Project uthorization	_	Priors Years	_	Current Year		Total To Date	_	Variance Positive (Negative)
Restricted Intergovernmental										
PARTF	\$	250,000	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(250,000)
Wildlife Resources		15,000		-		-		-		(15,000)
Clean Water Trust Fund	_	123,000	_	-	_	-		-	_	(123,000)
Total Restricted Intergovernmental	_	388,000	-		_		_	-	_	(388,000)
Donation		100,000	_		_	100,000		100,000	_	
Total Revenue	_	488,000	-		_	100,000	_	100,000	_	(388,000)
Expenditures Cultural and Recreation										
Park Improvements		500,000		12,000		23,387		35,387		464,613
Total		500,000	-	12,000	_	23,387		35,387	_	464,613
Revenues over Expenditures	_	(12,000)	-	(12,000)	_	76,613	_	64,613	_	76,613
Other Financing Sources (Uses):										
From General Fund		12,000		-		-	_	-		(12,000)
Total	_	12,000	-		_		_		_	(12,000)
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$_	-	\$	(12,000)		76,613	\$_	64,613	\$_	64,613
Fund Balance, Beginning Fund Balance, Ending					\$_	(12,000) 64,613				

Special Revenue Fund - CDBG Client Repayment Fund

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and

Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual

					Actual				Variance
	roject orization	_	Priors Years	_	Current Year	_	Total To Date	_	Positive (Negative)
Revenues:									
Client Repayments	\$ -	\$	25,619	\$	-	\$	25,619	\$	25,619
Interest on Investments	 700		5,236		7		5,243		4,543
Total	700	_	30,855	_	7	_	30,862	_	30,162
Expenditures:									
Service Charges	 700	_	643	_	-	_	643	_	57
Total	 700	_	643			_	643	_	57
Revenues over (under) expenditures	\$ -	\$_	30,212	_	7	\$_	30,219	\$_	30,219
Fund Balances: Beginning of year, July 1 End of year, June 30				, –	30,212 30,219				

Green's Lake Project

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and

Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual

	Budget	Priors Years	Current Year	Total To Date	Variance Positive (Negative)
Revenues:					
Restricted Intergovernmental					
DOT Grant \$	<u> </u>	\$ <u> </u>	s <u> </u>	<u> </u>	-
Total Restricted Intergovernmental				- .	
Expenditures:					
Cultural and Recreation					
Operating Expense	25,000	-	17,905	17,905	7,095
Total	25,000	-	17,905	17,905	7,095
Total Expenditures	25,000		17,905	17,905	7,095
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(25,000)		(17,905)	(17,905)	(7,095)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
From General Fund	25,000			_	(25,000)
Total	25,000	-		-	(25,000)
Net Change in Fund Balance \$	<u>-</u> :	\$ <u> </u>	(17,905) \$	(17,905) \$	(32,095)
Fund Balances: Beginning of year, July 1 End of year, June 30		\$	(17,905)		

Downtown Revital Phase II Capital Project

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and

Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual

Daviers	Project Authorization	Priors Years	Current Year	Total To Date	Variance Positive (Negative)
Revenues:					
Restricted Intergovernmental USDA Grant	\$ 50,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (50,000)
NC Dept of Commerce	5 30,000	- -	94,340	94,340	94,340
Total Restricted Intergovernmental	50,000		94,340	94,340	44,340
Expenditures					
Transportation					
Improvements	1,526,632	60,131	48,484	108,615	1,418,017
Total	1,526,632	60,131	48,484	108,615	1,418,017
Revenues over Expenditures	(1,476,632)	(60,131)	45,856	(14,275)	1,462,357
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
From General Fund	-				4
USDA Loan Proceeds	1,476,632				(1,476,632)
Total	1,476,632				(1,476,632)
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	\$ (60,131)	45,856	\$ (14,275)	\$ (14,275)
Fund Balance, Beginning			(60,131)		
Fund Balance, Ending			\$ (14,275)		

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FEMA SAFER Grant Project

${\bf Statement\ of\ Revenues,\ Expenditures,\ and}$

Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual

Revenues:	Project Authorization		Priors Years		Current Year		Total To Date	-	Variance Positive (Negative)
Restricted Intergovernmental									
Grant - FEMA	\$	\$	246,983	\$		\$	246,983	\$	
Total Restricted Intergovernmental	267,374	_	246,983	-		_	246,983		(20,391)
Other Income				_	-		-	_	-
Total Revenue	267,374		246,983	_		_	246,983	-	(20,391)
Expenditures									
Public Safety									
Operating Expenses			283,485	_		_	283,485	_	
Total	283,485	_	283,485	_		_	283,485	-	
Revenues over Expenditures	(16,111)	_	(36,502)	_		_	(36,502)	-	(20,391)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):									
Transfer From General Fund	16,111		-		-		-		(16,111)
Total	16,111	_		_		_	-	-	(16,111)
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	\$_	(36,502)		-	\$_	(36,502)	\$	(36,502)
Fund Balance, Beginning Fund Balance, Ending					(36,502)				

Water and Sewer Fund

Schedule of Revenues Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual (Non - GAAP)

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

		Budget	_	Actual		Variance Positive (Negative)
Revenues:						
Operating Revenues						
Water Sales	\$		\$	611,908	\$	
County Water				188		
Sewer Charges				766,686		
Grease Trap Fees				40,490		
Water and Sewer Taps				13,904		
Late/Reconnection Fees				80,545		
Miscellaneous			_	40,404	·	
Total		1,688,500	_	1,554,125		(134,375)
Nonoperating Revenues						
Interest Earned on Investment			_	199	,	
Total		100	_	199		99
Total revenues	•	1,688,600	_	1,554,324		(134,276)
Expenditures:						
Operating Expenses						
Water Department						
Salaries				151,622		
Employee Benefits				58,595		
Operating Expenses				366,657		
Total		598,614		576,874	,	21,740
Sewer Department						
Salaries				114,778		
Employee Benefits				35,888		
Operating Expenses				350,264		
Total		504,396	_	500,930	•	3,466
Total General Expenses		1,103,010	_	1,077,804	•	25,206
Debt service:						
Interest and fees				2,481		
Principal retirement				102,356		
Total debt service	•	107,023	_	104,837	·	2,186

Water and Sewer Fund

Schedule of Revenues Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual (Non - GAAP)

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

	Budget	_	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
Capital outlay:			04.000	
Equipment			81,008	
Land System			165,491	
·	624.745	-	190,502	104744
Total capital outlay	621,745	-	437,001	184,744
Total expenditures	1,831,778	_	1,619,642	212,136
Capital Contributions - Grants		_	39,668	39,668
Other financing sources (uses):				
Transfer to Capital Projects	(216,567)		(216,564)	3
Total other financing sources		_	, , ,	
(uses)	(216,567)	-	(216,564)	3
Fund Balance Appropriated	359,745	_	-	(359,745)
Revenues and other sources over expenditures and other uses \$		\$ =	(242,214)	\$ (242,214)
Reconciliation from budgetary basis (modified accrual) to full accrual:				
Revenues over expenditures		\$_	(242,214)	
Reconciling items:				
Principal retirement			102,356	
Capital outlay			437,001	
Capital Contributions - Capital Projects			156,905	
Transfer to/from Capital Projects			216,564	
Increase/(Decrease) in inventory	.		17,795	
Increase/(Decrease) in deferred outflows or	r resources-pensi	ons	72,629	
(Increase)/Decrease in net pension liability (Increase)/Decrease in deferred inflows of I	ocaureae nancia	26	(83,835) 7,837	
(Increase)/Decrease in deferred limows of i	=	15	5,410	
Depreciation-Water	ces payable		(259,405)	
Depreciation-Sewer			(259,404)	
Total reconciling items		-	413,853	
<u> </u>		_	<u>, </u>	
Change in Net Position		\$	171,639	

Water and Sewer Capital Projects Fund

Statement of Revenues and Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual

		Budget		Current Year	 Variance Positive (Negative)
Revenues: Investment Earnings	\$		\$		\$
Total Revenues		-			
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Transfers From Water/Sewer Fund To Water/Sewer Fund		- -	-	216,564 -	 216,564 -
Net Transfers		-		216,564	216,564
Fund Balance Appropriated	•	-		-	
Excess of Revenue and Other Sources over (Under) Expenditures	\$	-	=	216,564	\$ 216,564

Waste Water Treament Plant-CWSRF

Water and Sewer Capital Projects Fund

Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures - Budget and Actual

	Project Author - ization	-	Actual Prior Current Years Year				Total to Date	_	Variance Positive (Negative)
Revenues : Restricted intergovernmental: Clean Water Loan									
Forgivness \$		\$_	240,915	\$_	156,905	\$	397,820	\$_	
Total revenues	397,820	_	240,915		156,905	-	397,820	_	
Expenditures: Construction Total expenditures	1,440,388	<u>-</u>	1,360,813 1,360,813	_	74,817 74,817		1,435,630 1,435,630	- -	4,758
Revenues under expenditures	(1,042,568)	_	(1,119,898)		82,088		(1,037,810)	_	4,758
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfer from Water Fund Clean Water Revolving Loan Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	181,948 860,620 1,042,568	<u>-</u>	- 860,620 860,620		- 129,836 129,836		- 990,456 990,456	_	(181,948) 129,836 (52,112)
Unexpended Revenues and Receipts \$		\$_	(259,278)	\$_	211,924	\$	(47,354)	\$_	(47,354)

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OTHER SCHEDULES

This section includes additional information on property taxes.

- Schedule of Ad Valorem Taxes Receivable
- Analysis of Current Tax Levy

Town of Elizabethtown, North Carolina General Fund Schedule of Ad Valorem Taxes Receivable

lu	ne	30	2017

Fiscal Year		ncollected Balance ne 30, 2016	_	Additions	_	Collections And Credits	-	Uncollected Balance June 30, 2017
2016 - 2017 2015 - 2016 2014 - 2015 2013 - 2014 2012 - 2013 2011 - 2012 2010 - 2011 2009 - 2010 2008 - 2009 2007 - 2008 2006 - 2007	\$ \$	45,254 13,802 12,898 15,987 16,904 14,347 10,020 13,989 12,438 8,546 164,185	\$ \$ =			1,709,265 21,911 6,148 2,441 2,742 5,027 2,449 1,430 1,064 401 8,546 1,761,424 Doubtful Account	_	52,708 23,343 7,654 10,457 13,245 11,877 11,898 8,590 12,925 12,037 - 164,734 (64,000) 100,734
	Ad	oncilement wir	- Genera				\$	1,766,258
	I F	nterest collector Releases Subtotal al collections a	ed	its			\$	(13,374) 8,540 (4,834) 1,761,424

Town of Elizabethtown, North Carolina Analysis of Current Tax Levy Town - Wide Levy

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

						Total	Levy
	Property	Town - Wide	2	Total	-	Property excluding Registered Motor	Registered Motor
Original laws	Valuation	Rate	_	Levy	-	Vehicles	Vehicles
Original levy: Property taxed at current							
year's rate \$ Penalties	282,524,228	\$ 0.615	\$	1,737,524 3,273	\$	1,553,825 S	183,699
Downtown District Tax			_	37,504	_	37,504	
Total	282,524,228		_	1,778,301		1,594,602	183,699
Discoveries: Current year taxes Total	1,115,447 1,115,447	0.615	<u>-</u>	6,860 6,860	-	6,860 6,860	
Abatements	3,770,407	0.615		(23,188)		(23,188)	-
Total property valuation \$	279,869,268		_	, , ,	=	, , ,	
Net levy				1,761,973		1,578,274	183,699
Uncollected taxes at June 30,	2017		_	52,708	_	52,708	
Current year's taxes collected			\$ _	1,709,265	\$	1,525,566 \$	183,699
Current levy collection percer	ntage		_	96.92%	_	96.66%	100.00%

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COMPLIANCE SECTION



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Report On Internal Control Over Financial Reporting And On Compliance and Other Matters Based On An Audit
Of Financial Statements Performed In Accordance With Government Auditing Standards

Independent Auditors' Report

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the Town Council Town of Elizabethtown, North Carolina

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Elizabethtown, North Carolina, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprises the Town of Elizabethtown's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated October 26, 2017. The financial statements of the Town of Elizabethtown ABC Board and Elizabethtown Airport/Economic Development Commission were not audited in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Town of Elizabethtown's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town of Elizabethtown's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting was for limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Town of Elizabethtown's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the result of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Thompson, Price, Scott, Adams & Co., PA

Elizabethtown, North Carolina October 26, 2017



Thompson, Price, Scott, Adams & Co., P.A. Post Office Box 1690 Elizabethtown, North Carolina 28337 Telephone (910) 862-8129 Fax (910) 862-8120 R. Bryon Scott, CPA Gregory S. Adams, CPA Alan W. Thompson, CPA

Report On Compliance For Each Major State Program; Report on Internal Control Over Compliance; In Accordance with OMB Uniform Guidance and the State Single Audit Implementation Act

Independent Auditors' Report

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the Town Council Town of Elizabethtown, North Carolina

Report on Compliance for Each Major State Program

We have audited the Town of Elizabethtown, North Carolina, compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *Audit Manual for Governmental Auditors in North Carolina*, issued by the Local Government Commission, that could have a direct and material effect on each of the Town of Elizabethtown's major State programs for the year ended June 30, 2017. The Town of Elizabethtown's major State programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its State programs.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the Town of Elizabethtown's major State programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 *U.S. Code of State Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance), as described in the *Audit Manual for Governmental Auditors in North Carolina*, and the State Single Audit Implementation Act. Those standards, Uniform Guidance, and the State Single Audit Implementation Act require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major State program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the Town of Elizabethtown's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures, as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major State program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the Town of Elizabethtown's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major State Program

In our opinion, the Town of Elizabethtown complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major State programs for the year ended June 30, 2017.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of the Town of Elizabethtown is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the Town of Elizabethtown's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major State program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance for each major State program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a State program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a State program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a State program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

<u> Thompson, Price, Scott, Adams & Co., PA</u>

Elizabethtown, North Carolina October 26, 2017

Town of Elizabethtown, North Carolina Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

	Section I.	Summary of Auditors' Results
Financial Statements		

		•					
<u>Fin</u>	ancial Statements						
	pe of auditors' report issued on whether the fina cordance to GAAP: Unmodified	incial stat	ements aud	dited we	ere prepared in		
Inte	ernal control over financial reporting:						
•	Material weakness(es) identified?		yes _	X	no		
•	Significant Deficiency(s) identified?		yes _	X	none reported		
	ncompliance material to financial atements noted?		yes _	X	no		
<u>Sta</u>	<u>te Awards</u>						
Inte	ernal control over major State awards:						
•	Material weakness(es) identified?		_yes _	Х	_no		
•	Significant Deficiency(s) identified?		_yes _	Х	_none reported		
Тур	pe of auditor's report issued on compliance for n	najor Stat	e programs	: Unmo	odified		
to	y audit findings disclosed that are required be reported in accordance with e State Single Audit Implementation Act?		_yes _	Х	_no		
Ide	ntification of major State programs:						
	Name of Program North Carolina Department of Transportation- Powell Bill						

NC Department of Commerce-Rural Economic Development Division-Economic Infrastructure Program

Town of Elizabethtown, North Carolina Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

	Section II – Financial Statement Findings	
None.		
	Section III – Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs	
None.		
	Section IV – State Award Findings and Questioned Costs	

None.

Town of Elizabethtown, North Carolina Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

Finding: 2015-001

Status: Has been corrected.

Finding: 2014-1

Status: Has been corrected.

Finding: 2014-2

Status: This finding is still occurring; however action has been taken to correct this finding from reoccurrence.

Finding: 2013-1

Status: This finding is still occurring; however action has been taken to correct this finding from reoccurrence.

Finding: 2013-2

Status: Has been corrected.

Finding: 2012-1

Status: This finding is still occurring; however action has been taken to correct this finding from reoccurrence.

Findings: 2012-2, 3, 4, 5 Status: Have been corrected.

Finding: 2011-1

Status: This finding is still occurring; however action has been taken to correct this finding from reoccurrence.

Finding: 2011-2

Status: This finding is still occurring; however action has been taken to correct this finding from reoccurrence.

Finding: 2011-3

Status: This finding is still occurring; however action has been taken to correct this finding from reoccurrence.

Finding: 2011-4

Status: This finding is no longer occurring.

Finding: 2011-5

Status: This finding is still occurring; however action has been taken to correct this finding from reoccurrence.

Town of Elizabethtown, North Carolina SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AND STATE AWARDS For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

	State
Federal	Pass-thro

Grantor/Pass-through Grantor/Program Title	Federal CFDA <u>Number</u>	State/ Pass-through Grantor's <u>Number</u>	Fed. (Direct & Pass-through) Expenditures	State <u>Expenditures</u>	Pass through to Subrecipients	Local Expenditures
Federal Awards:						
Environmental Protection Agency Passed-through N.C. Department of Environment Quality Capitalization Grants for Clean Water State Revolving Funds (note 3)	66.468	FS-98433810 \$	5 27,463	\$ -	\$ - 9	\$ 47,354
U.S. Department of Homeland Security Federal Emergency Management Ag 2015 Staffing for Adequate Fire	gency(FEMA)				
& Emergency Response(SAFER)	97.044		169,519	-	-	-
Passed-through N.C. Department of Division of Emergency Managen Disaster Grants-Public	nent	ry:				
Assistance (Presidentially	97.036		248,133	82,711	-	-
U.S. Department of Transportation Federal Aviation Administration Passed-through N.C. Department of Tra State Block Grant Program	nsportation 20.106	: 36237.4.11.2	125,685	-	-	13,965
Total Federal Awards			570,800	82,711		61,319
State Awards:						
North Carolina Department of Natural a PARTF Leinwand Park	nd Cultural	<u>Resources</u>	-	132,237	-	50,688
North Carolina Department of Commerc Rural Economic Development Divison Economic Infrastructure Program			-	74,282	-	-
N.C. Department of Transportation Powell Bill DOT - 8 Industrial Park Phase I-Taxiv	vay	36244.4.5.1	- -	150,936 84,124	- -	- 9,346
Golden Leaf Airport Industrial Park and Mast	er Planning	Project	-	15,168	-	-
Total State Awards				456,747		60,034
Total Awards		Ç	570,800	\$ 539,458	\$\$	121,353

Town of Elizabethtown, North Carolina SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AND STATE AWARDS For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

State/

Federal Pass-through Fed. (Direct &

Grantor/Pass-through CFDA Grantor's Pass-through) State Pass through to Local Grantor/Program Title Number Expenditures Expenditures Subrecipients Expenditures

Notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State Financial Awards:

Note 1: Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal and State awards (SEFSA) includes the federal and State grant activity of the Town of Elizabethtown under the programs of the federal government and the State of North Carolina for the year ended June 30, 2016. The information in this SEFSA is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 US Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards and the State Single Audit Implementation Act. Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the Town of Elizabethtown, it is not intended Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance) and the State Single Audit to and does not present the financial position, changes in net assets or cash flows of the Town of Elizabethtown.

Note 2: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported in the SEFSA are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.

Town of Elizabethtown has elected not to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

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